Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 21. VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, JULY 30, 1895. No. 176

We Are

Carrying the biggest and best selected Stock of Jewelry, Ornaments, Precious Stones, Watches, Etc., in Victoria. Let us quote you prices before buying.

Challoner & Mitchell, 47 Government St., Opposite Bank of B. C.

SUITS FROM $15.00

.....AT.....

W. M. STEWART, MERCHANT TAILOR,

36 FORT STREET.

From to-day onward we are going to sell the remainder of our Stock of Scotch, Irish and French Suitings from $15.00; Pants from $4.00.

These are Genuine Imported Goods, and not got up for any cheap sale. We guarantee honest work and First Class Fit.

PANTS FROM $4.00.

THE WESTSIDE.

Closing Week Of the Great Sale

SPECIAL

600 Pairs Ladie's Cotton Hose, Fast Black and Seamless, 2 pairs for 25 cents.

Bargains in Embroideries.
Bargains in Laces.
Bargains in Prints.
Bargains in Staples.
Bargains in Dress Goods.
Bargains in Jackets, Blouses, Etc.
Bargains in all Departments for This Week Only.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

July 24.

A Prize of $5

Will be given for the first correct answer received to the following questions:

WHO IS

Selling Groceries at Lowest Prices?
" " Selling the Best Quality of Groceries?
" " Giving Best Satisfaction for the Money?
" " Making Values meet the Hard Times?
" " Making a Dollar go the Farthest?
" " Giving the Man who pays Cash the Benefit?

OH, WRATZ! The prize is off. Everybody will say:

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

OUR ANNUAL

Summer Sale

IS NOW ON.

Bargains for Everybody.

THE BEST GOODS.
COMPETENT WORKMEN.
LOWEST PRICES.

A. Gregg & Son,

Merchant Tailors, Yates Street.

Have You

Tried Falconer's this season Fruit? Don't miss it! Choice! Delicious! Don't miss it! Ask your grocer for FALCONER'S.

SEARCHING CASTLE MURDER

Two More Skeletons Discovered—The Ghastly Search Still Continues.

Holmes Makes a Statement Regarding Peitzel's Death—Suicide Claimed.

Chicago, Ill., July 29.—Charles Chappell, son of Mr. G. Chappell, the old man who claims to have been assistant to Holmes and to have articulated skeletons for Holmes, says his father is insane. Young Chappell says the old man has been of unsound mind for several years and expresses the belief that the father knows nothing whatever of Holmes' doings. A bundle of bones were found in the basement to-day, some of which Dr. Robinson pronounced parts of a human frame. It was at first thought a skeleton had been found but examination showed that most of the bones were from the butcher shop. The mixture of human bones and butcher shop refuse is a peculiar feature of several of the finds. Careful search for the acid vats in which the bodies were said to have been placed was made to-day, but up to two o'clock nothing had been found. M. G. Chappell, who told the police that he had constructed the vats, was taken to the house this afternoon and it was expected that he would readily point out their location unless, as his son declares, he is insane. It is probable that all the secret passages and rooms in Holmes' house will soon be revealed, as a brick mason who claims to have done all the queer work about the place called at the police headquarters and offered to tell all he knew. He was promptly taken care of by the officers and is expected to prove an important witness.

The police secured to-day a skeleton which they first believed to be that of Mrs. Connor, one of the alleged victims of H. H. Holmes. M. G. Chappell, who claimed to have articulated several skeletons for Holmes, took two detectives to the house of a West Side physician, where the complete skeleton was found. Chappell says that he got the bones from Holmes, and from the dates and other evidence Inspector Fitzpatrick announced that he believed the skeleton to be that of Mrs. Connor. After further examination, however, he decided that the skeleton is probably that of Miss Cigrand, the Indiana girl, instead of that of Mrs. Connor. It had been sold to the Hanemann Medical college by Holmes, the police claim. To-day's find with the trunk discovery of yesterday makes two of the three skeletons which Chappell claims to have articulated for Holmes, and the police are in hopes of finding the third very soon.

Chicago, Ill., July 29.—One of the many theories that have been advanced concerning the Holmes castle and the many uses to which it was put is to the effect that Holmes was a professional procurer. The presence of so many young girls about the premises at various times has led to the suspicion that Holmes added this to his other nefarious crimes. In this way the disappearance of some of the unfortunate creatures is accounted for.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 29.—The Bulletin to-day prints the following: An entirely new statement has just been made by H. H. Holmes, the supposed multi-murderer. In it the man of many crimes gives in detail his version of how Pietzel came by his death last September, and also states his (Holmes') connection with the tragedy. The statement was given to a close friend of Holmes in Philadelphia, who gave it to the Bulletin representative to-day. Holmes says that on the Saturday night preceding the death of Pietzel, the latter came to his house on north 11th street, where he was staying with "Mrs. Howard." Pietzel told Holmes a heartrending story of his pecuniary difficulties and of the sickness of his daughter in St. Louis. "I must have money," he said, or words to that effect, "to send to my wife in St. Louis." Holmes remonstrated with Pietzel as to his spendthrift habits, and spoke substantially to him as follows: "Ben, you have been a friend of mine. I'll admit I have made lots of money through you, but I cannot keep this thing up. Where is that $50 I gave you the other day? If you don't quit drinking you and I will have to separate."

This conversation is said to have been carried on along 11th street, the men walking north until Morris street was reached. When they arrived at the corner Pietzel exclaimed: "I am of no benefit to any one, I will soon get rid of my difficulties; life has become a nuisance." Holmes then avers that he jokingly remarked to Pietzel: "Well, your body is as good as any other, but I would not advise you to do anything rash." Holmes accounts for making this remark by saying that he and Pietzel had under consideration the defrauding of the Fidelity Mutual Insurance company.

Holmes says Pietzel then became angry again and vowed that he would commit suicide. Holmes then explains that Pietzel left him with the intention of going home. Holmes says he gave Pietzel no money that night, but promised to meet him at the Callow Hill street house the following morning. It was about 10 o'clock the following morning, Sunday, Holmes goes on to say, that he went to visit Pietzel at the Callow Hill street house. When he reached the place no one apparently was about. Holmes sat in the kitchen for almost 20 minutes waiting for Pietzel to appear. The latter, Holmes supposed, had gone out for breakfast. Time wore on and "Ben" was not to be seen. The conspirator then says he became anxious about his friend's whereabouts and began to search the house for him.

"As I arose to go upstairs," says the criminal, "I noticed a note lying on the counter in the front part of the house. It was addressed to me." Then Holmes explains that he opened the note. It directed him to go to the second floor and open a closet in which he would find a large blue bottle containing another letter addressed to him. Holmes followed the directions. He found the note in the bottle as described, and was horrified when he read it. It was from Benjamin Pietzel, and advised Holmes that his (Pietzel's) dead body could be found in the house. The letter pleaded that Holmes would look after Pietzel's children and suggested that there would be no difficulty in getting the insurance money from the Fidelity Company now that the dead body of Pietzel could be produced in evidence.

Holmes then told his friends of the experience with the corpse, and said that he sat in the room for over an hour with the body. He was dazed and hardly knew what course to pursue. He finally made up his mind that since Pietzel had taken his life there would be no harm in destroying any evidence of suicide so that he might be able to get the insurance on Pietzel's life without any difficulty. Holmes has confessed that he thereupon dragged the body to the second floor, pried open the mouth of the man with a pencil and poured in a quantity of explosive chemicals. He then says he placed a lighted match to the man's mouth, when the explosion which so horribly disfigured the corpse followed. To give the more forcible impression that Pietzel came to his death by an accidental explosion, Holmes stated to his friend that he got a pipe of Pietzel's, filled it with tobacco, lighted it, then blew out the flame after the tobacco had been partly consumed, and placed the pipe beside the dead man's body. It was nearly four o'clock in the afternoon, Holmes states, before he left the Callow Hill street house. He put on a hat of Pietzel's to partially conceal his identity and placed his own hat, which was of felt, under his coat. The criminal went directly to the Broad street station, so he alleges, and inquired at what hour the first train left for Chicago. Holmes says he does not distinctly remember what the hour was the railway officials told him a Chicago train would leave Philadelphia, but believes it was between 9 and 9:30 o'clock that night. He then went to the house where he was staying and made preparations to leave the city. He and his wife, Holmes alleges, left for Chicago that night.

It is understood that if the prosecution concludes to indict Holmes for the murder of Pietzel in Philadelphia they will produce a witness who, it is said, heard the conversation between Holmes and Pietzel on the eventful evening, when the latter threatened to do away with his life.

Anderson, Ind., July 30.—Mrs. Cigrand, mother of Holmes' victim, was seen to-day for the first time and proved

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the business heretofore carried on by Mr. E. W. McLean, at No. 152 Government street, known as the Oriental Tea Store, was this day purchased by Fong Pak Young, who will continue the said business. All debts due and owing by and to the said McLean up to date will be collected and paid by him. Victoria, 29th July, 1895.

MONEY TO LOAN on Victoria real estate; repayable either in straight sums or in easy monthly payments. Fire insurance solicited; rents and interest collected; houses and vacant lots for sale in all parts of the city. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

WANTED to purchase for cash cart, pony and harness. Apply P. O. Box, 188. 30-2

ANOTHER DISTRESS FOR RENT SALE

—ON—

THURSDAY, AUG. 1,

AT 2 O'CLOCK P.M.,

Including Parlor and Bedroom Furniture, Fine Carpets, Books, Etc.,

—BY—

H. Cuthbert & Co.

AUCTIONEERS

Do not fail to attend this sale. There is sure to be something you want. Remember we never commence to sell unless we have $400 worth of goods, and we sell without reserve.

Particulars to-morrow.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.

TO-DAY'S CABLE DISPATCHES

The Marriage of the Duke of Argyle to Miss McNeill—Latest Election Returns.

Secretary Bayard Interviewed Regarding the Seizure of Trinidad.

London, July 30.—The following additional election returns have been received:

Donegal, east—O'Connor, McCarthyite, 3393; Herdman, Unionist, 2731.

Londonderry, south—Lea, Unionist, 4470; Dodd, Lib., 4018.

Mr. F. Coldwell, formerly a member of parliament and one of the directors of the Liberator societies, and who with Jabez A. Balfour, also an ex-M. P., and others awaiting trial on a charge of conspiracy and fraud, was found dead in the garden of his residence at Bournemouth last evening.

The first cabinet meeting since the elections was held at the foreign office at noon to-day. It is supposed that the question of the speakership was discussed. The Marquis of Salisbury presided. He and all the cabinet ministers were loudly cheered upon arrival at the foreign office.

The Duke of Argyle was married to-day to Miss Ina McNeill, formerly lady of the bed-chamber to the Queen, and a cousin to Sir John McNeill, who married the Duke of Argyle's sister. The ceremony took place at the Palace of Ripon, and was performed by the Bishop of Ripon, who is a cousin of the bride. The wedding was quiet owing to the recent death of Lord Colin Campbell.

The pilgrimage of Americans conducted by Rev. Dr. William Smith, of the Fathers of Mercy of New York city, has reached Loretto. They will arrive on Friday.

The United States ambassador, Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, referring to the reported seizure of the Island of Trinidad by Great Britain, and the agitation in Brazil on the subject, said to a representative of the Associated Press to-day that the incident was a trifling one. The island, he added, was very small, and was only occupied by a few goats and the British ships stopped there to lay a cable. Great Britain, he continued, did claim the island of Trinidad in fact, but it was not worth claiming. Like most South American governments, said Mr. Bayard in conclusion, Brazil is intensely excited over nothing. Mr. Bayard has not had any instructions from Washington regard the island of Trinidad.

The delegates to the Geographical Congress were to-day entertained at a garden party given by the Baroness Burdett-Coutts and W. L. Ashmead-Bartlett-Burdett-Coutts.

Lord Wodehouse, eldest son of the Earl of Kimberley, who led the mob that attacked Rider Haggard, the novelist, and his party at Selham, while on his election tour in East Norfolk district on July 20, was to-day fined for his participating in the affair.

THE AURANIA ARRIVES.

Sighted Off Sandy Hook Early This Morning.

New York, July 30.—The Cunard line steamer Aurania, Captain McKay, reported in distress about 800 miles east of Sandy Hook, was sighted off the bar at 9:35 this morning.

The belated Cunard steamer Aurania arrived at quarantine at 11 this morning all safe and well. Captain McKay reports that on July 20th, in latitude 44:18, longitude 55:56 at 8 a.m., during clear and calm weather, he was obliged to sop the ship owing to a fracture of the main steam pipe, which supplies the engine with steam. The ship was laid to while Chief Engineer Mungall and his assistants immediately beganto repair the broken steam pipe. The repairs were made after a stoppage of 57 hours. The Aurania proceeded under reduced speed at a rate of 13 knots without further stoppage or accident up to her arrival. Captain McKay reports that no excitement prevailed at the time of the accident. The passengers when informed of the nature of the damage and the possible delay in reaching port received the news calmly and with the best of good nature.

THE DURRANT TRIAL.

The Work of Securing a Jury Proceeds Slowly.

San Francisco, July 29.—The principal feature of the Durrant case to-day was the defendant's application for a judicial order to prevent the production of a play called "The Crime of a Century," based upon the Emanuel church murders. The prisoner alleged that the performance advertised for to-night would inflame public feeling against him. The prosecution joined with the defence in the request for the restraining order, which was granted. The work of procuring the jury proceeds slowly. Of thirty examined to-day none were accepted. Few are challenged for believing in the prisoner's guilt. The majority are excused for their unwillingness to accept as convincing circumstantial evidence.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

LATE CABLE DISPATCHES.

Disguised Russian Soldiers Armed and Equipped Sneaking Into Bulgaria.

Revival of Activity on the Panama Canal—Work to be Vigorously Pushed.

London, July 29.—Moncure D. Conway has presented to the anti-lynching committee the report of his recent visit to America. He says in his report that he does not doubt that the agitation by Miss Ida B. Wells and the formation of the English committee has had a good effect in America, the crime having nearly disappeared in some of the southern states, such as Virginia, Maryland and South Carolina, where no suggestion is now heard of the negroes' propensity for rape. He finds, he says, that there is much latent feeling in the South against lynching, and he believes that some great protest will presently arise in that region.

A Vienna dispatch to the Daily News says that a telegram received there from Bucharest reports that the Russian Danube Navigation Company's vessels are fully armed and equipped with disguised Russian soldiers and officers, who are landed on the Bulgarian shore near Lompalanka, en route to Macedonia in just the same way that the conveyance of Russian volunteers to Bulgaria began in 1876. It is also said that a well-known Russophile Bulgarian millionaire deputy is assisting the Macedonian insurgents.

The anti-European feeling is increasing. The British consul enjoins the British residents to go to the coast, as a native preacher has tried to incite the Hovas to massacre the British.

The Chronicle's Rome correspondent says that the McBride presentation copy of the declaration of independence for the Pope has arrived at the vatican.

The Chronicle has a Paris dispatch which gives a report of an interview with Cardinal Gibbons published by the Gaulois on the friction between the church and state in France. The cardinal asserts that America would never tolerate the infliction of a special tax on religious establishments, as the Americans believed in liberty of conscience for all, and that the government respected the feeling.

The Sportsman hears that M. F. Dwyer and his trainer, Campbell, are returning to America to bring back a better batch of horses for the English races.

A dispatch to the Times from Antananrivo, Madagascar, which will be published to-morrow, says that the government is secretly making overtures for peace, but fearing a revolution, is massing its troops outside the capital and declaring its intention of resisting.

A dispatch from Colon, Colombia, says: According to present indications work on the Panama canal is going to be pushed with vigor. A director of the canal has announced that 500 laborers are required for work on the incompleted inter-oceanic waterway, and that the wages to be paid are $1.20 in Colombia currency per day. The strike of wharf, ship and other laborers which has been having such an effect on business here for some time past, is breaking up.

The Times prints a dispatch from Paris in which its correspondent comments upon the complete defeat of the socialists in the councils election as a victory for the government.

The Chronicle declares that the report that England has abandoned the island of Trinidad is unfounded.

The Chronicle states that numerous dinners and receptions were given last evening to the delegates of the British Medical Association congress, which opened to-day.

Bishop Bourke had an audience with the Pope yesterday.

The Standard editorially expresses regret that the corporation of the city of London has ignored the geographical congress, and says that in continental countries any capital would have paid such famous explorers and savants the compliment of a public reception.

A dispatch to the Standard from Berlin says that the tropical heat of the past few days has been followed by thunder storms and deluges of rain and hail. Telegraphic communication is interrupted and much damage to crops resulted in the districts of Metz and Hanover. Houses were unroofed and cattle and men were injured by lightning. Two men were killed at Limburgh by touching electric wires during a storm. The tropical heat has caused numerous sunstrokes in Austria and Italy.

ON 'CHANGE.

Condition of the Market in London and New York.

New York, July 30.—The Evening Post's special financial cablegram from London yesterday is as follows: "The stock markets were generally better to-day, consols leading. Americans were buoyant, closing fairly firm. Atchison was again the feature. It was bought here and by New York. Germany buys St. Paul and stocks generally. The American crop reports are having a good effect here but the people are not buying. Of the influx of gold at the Bank of England to-day, it is believed that £340,000 was sent in American gold by Rothschild. The French government has virtually suspended the issue of treasury bills by reducing its rate of interest for periods of less than one year. This is important because of its effect in restricting such operations as cabled on Saturday and is likely to hasten gold shipments from France here on account of the indemnity funds.

New York, July 30.—Speculation on the stock exchange was very active yesterday and the trading was generally strong in tone. Reports regarding the crops were contradictory, but the more trustworthy advices were favorable and encouraged purchases of the railway list. During the two hours following noon, the market was in good shape, but around delivery hour, sales to take profit caused a reaction of a fraction generally, but in the last half hour's business a slight recovery ensued, except for Manhattan, which receded 1 per cent, and the market closed strong in tone. Compared with Saturday's final prices, the market to-day is in the main higher, the more notable gains on the day being: Sterling exchange, 60 days, 4.89½; do, demand, 4.90½; Money 1; C. P. R. in London, 53; do, in Montreal, 51¾; Commercial Cable in Montreal, 156¾.

WHEN the general public manifests a decided preference for a special make of Cigarettes, it may be safely averred that there is good reason for the predilection, and that they have qualities all their own, which commend them to the popular taste. The Cigarettes manufactured by J. M. FORTIER are now in general demand, and on every hand you hear people asking for his four favorite brands:

"La Fayette" Cigarettes, 5c.

Made of pure Virginia and Turkish (Egyptian) Tobaccos.

"Creme de la Creme" Cigarettes, 10c.

Made of Specially selected Virginia and Turkish (Egyptian) Tobaccos. Cured and blended by the most experienced hands.

Royal Turkish Egyptian Cigarettes, 15c.

Blended from the finest Turkish (Egyptian) Tobaccos grown.

"Sonadora" Cigarettes, 15c.

Made of the choicest Havana Tobacco, personally selected for this brand and carefully and skilfully blended to produce the finest effects of Flavor and Aroma.

When you ask for these brands do not accept others that the dealer may tell you are just as good.

"THE CRIME OF A CENTURY."

Forcibly Stopped at the Theatre and the Entire Company Jailed.

San Francisco, Cal., July 30.—The production of a new play entitled "The Crime of a Century," which was placed on the stage at the Alcazar theatre last night, was stopped in the middle of the third act. Just at the point when a character, who is supposed to impersonate Durrant, is about to drag a young woman to the belfry of the church, Sheriff Whalen and his deputies marched on the stage and arrested the performers, eleven in all. The manager of the theatre was also placed under arrest. The manager stepped before the curtain and made a speech, in which he claimed he had a right to produce the play. He was taken into custody nevertheless for disobeying the order made by Judge Murphy restraining him from putting the piece on the stage. A great crowd attended the performance and hissed at intervals. The whole company spent the night in jail.

In Advanced Years

The strength and pure blood necessary to resist the effects of cold seasons are given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I have for the last 25 years of my life been complaining of a weakness of the lungs and colds in the head, especially in the winter. Last fall I was again attacked. Reading of Hood's Sarsaparilla I was led to try it. I am now taking the fifth bottle with good results. I can positively say that I have not spent a winter as free from coughs or pains and difficult breathing spells for the last 25 years as was last winter. I can lie down and sleep all night without any annoyance from cough or pain in the lungs or asthmatic difficulty." E. M. CHAMBERS, J. P., Cornhill, N. B.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills cure habitual constipation. Price 25c. per box.

NEWS OF THE DOMINION

The Mayor of Toronto to be Restrained From Signing a Contract.

Vice-Royalty Will Entertain in Victoria in November at Carey Castle.

Montreal, July 30.—The C. P. R. earnings show a gain in the net profits over the same period last year for June of $160,943, and from January 1st to June 30th, $253,593.

London, July 30.—The courts will be asked to restrain Mayor Little from signing the contract with the Barber Co., of Buffalo, for asphalting Dundas and Richmond streets. It is alleged that the aldermen showed wanton extravagance in accepting the Barber tender in preference to that of Godson, of Toronto, the latter offer being some $6000 below that accepted.

Montreal, July 29.—Capt. Charles V. Daly, master of the steamer Mexico, wrecked at Belle Isle on July 7, has arrived in Montreal. He said he tried to make terms with captains of fishing vessels to save the cargo, but they only laughed at him, and said they would take everything they could lay their hands on for themselves. He went on board the steamer Eclipse, of St. John, N. B., which was deserted with the exception of a woman. The first thing that caught his eye in the cabin was the portrait of his wife and children. Investigating further he found 13 bags of sailors' clothing belonging to his boat.

Winnipeg, July 29.—Premier Bowell and Hon. Mr. Daly reached Regina today, and will be presented with addresses by the town council and the exhibition association.

It is said to be as good as settled amongst certain Conservatives that Dr. Benson is likely to run as the Conservative candidate in Winnipeg at the next Dominion election.

The Earl and Countess of Aberdeen left to-day for Regina, where they will open the Northwest Fair. From there they will return to the Indian reserve in the Qu'Appelle district. From Qu'Appelle they will go direct to Victoria, where they will be joined by Lady Marjoris, Lord Haddo, Hon. Dudley and Hon. Archie Gordon, accompanied by Miss Wetterman and the new household physician, Dr. Gibson. At Victoria they will occupy the lieutenant-governor's residence, which has been placed at their disposal by Hon. E. Dewdney. After a stay of some weeks the vice-regal party will go to their ranch in the Okanagan valley, which will be their headquarters for some time and where they will live in very simple fashion. Early in November it is their intention to return to Victoria and do alittle entertaining before returning eastward.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., July 30.—The owners of the passenger steamers Majestic and Alberta have issued positive orders to the captains of these two steamers to discontinue racing. Ever since the Majestic came out of the shipyard she has been disputing the title of the C. P. R. to the fastest Canadian boat on the lakes.

DE'IL AMANG THE TAILORS.

The Striking Tailors Create a Disturbances and are Dispersed.

Brooklyn, July 29.—Rioting attended with bloodshed occurred in Egel street, the Hebrey district, to-day. The disturbance was caused by the striking tailors atempting to prevent non-union men from going to work. The first trouble was at a shop at No. 54 Egel street, kept by the firm of Kaufman & Cohen. One hundred and seventy-three union tailors went out early this morning and when a few non-union men applied for work they were pushed away. Some non-union men were beaten when they insisted on trying to enter the shop and they ran away, one or two of them bleeding. An alarming report spread that may persons were killed. The police reserve of the sixth precinct charged the strikers, some of whom were hurt in the skirmish, but they were taken away by the other strikers. During the riot a number of shots were fired by the strikers, but as far as known, no one was seriously hurt. Fifteen minutes after the departure of the police 30 strikers who went out this morning from the shop of Schnalls, 91 Ewen street, aided by many other strikers, began an attack on Schnalls' shop and a few non-union workers. They were wrecking the place when the police reserves ran to the scene and scattered the crowds. Dozens of strikers and their friends were seen with their hands and heads bound up, evidently from being clubbed.

On All Dainty Tables.

Is used Windsor Table Salt, purest and best; doesn't cage. Put up any way you like. Natural crystals. Try it.

—The fruit season is in full swing and our fruit jars are selling well. Weiler Bros.

AMUSEMENTS.

THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 1ST.

Institute Hall, View Street.

A GENUINE TREAT.

"AN EVENING IN VIENNA."

First and only appearance of Mr. Josef Mueller, the celebrated Vienna Humorist and Vocalist, supported by his own Company of Artists and Orchestra.

GRAND TRANSCONTINENTAL TOUR From the Atlantic to the Pacific.—

Tickets, 50c. Reserved seats on sale at Lombard's Music Store. jly29-3t

Open Air Concert.

An Open Air Concert under the Patronage of His Honor the Lieut-Governor will be held at the residence of the Hon. D. M. Eberts (Victoria Arm), on the Evening of 2nd August, at 8.30 p.m. Proceeds in aid of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital. Refreshments free.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

ICE

Tel. 44. B. C. Cold Storage & Ice Co

British Ship "Howth"

Will commence loading in Liverpool for Victoria about September 15th, and having the greater part of her cargo engaged will have prompt dispatch. For further particulars apply to

ROBERT WARD & CO., LTD. tf Temple Building.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD (Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
No. 90 Johnson street, VICTORIA, B.C

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
TERMS REASONABLE.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Land Registry Act.

Lot 3, Block XVI; lot 25, block XVIII, lot 12, block XIX; lots 13 and 20, block XX; lot 17, block XXX; lots 20 and 28, block XXXI; lot 26, block XXXIV lot 1, block XXXV; lot 4, block XXXVII; lots 2 and 20, block XXXIX; the easterly 2-3 of lot 21, block XL; lot 13, block XLVIII; lot 2, block L; lot 7, block LI; part of district lot 185, in the city of Vancouver.

A certificate of indefeasible title to the above lots will be issued to James Charles Prevost, guardian of the estate of Ernest Wilfred Pratt, otherwise known as Ernest Pratt, on the 28th day of September, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming the estate or interest therein or any part thereof.

T. O TOWNLEY,
District Registrar.
Land Registry Office, Vancouver, 24th June, 1895. 3m.

Land Registry Act.

In the Matter of the Application of Peter Steele for a Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the following portions of Sections XXXI and XXXII., Esquimalt District, viz.:

All that piece or parcel of land forming a portion of Section XXXII., Esquimalt District, together known as Lots 20 and 21, according to a survey and plan made by R. Homfray, C. E., and more particularly described as follows: To wit: Commencing at the N. E. corner of said section, thence running westerly along the northern boundary of said section 300 links, thence south 475 links, thence easterly to the eastern boundary of said section, 351 links; thence northward along the said boundary to the point of beginning, 562 links.

Also that piece or parcel of land known as Buckley's Orchard, and forming a portion of Section XXXI. Esquimalt District, more particularly described as follows: To wit: Commencing at a point on the northern boundary of the said section 14 feet six inches distant from the N. E. corner of before mentioned Section XXXII., thence running easterly along the said boundary 400 feet, thence southerly and parallel to the eastern boundary of the first above described piece of land 225 feet, thence at right angles west 350 feet, thence north to the point of beginning, 198 feet.

Also all that piece or parcel of land forming another portion of Section XXXI., Esquimalt District, bounded as follows, viz.: On the west by the last described piece of land known as Buckley's Orchard, on the south by a line drawn from the south easterly corner of said last described piece to the Craigflower road and parallel to the northern boundary of the said Section XXXI., to the eastward by the Craigflower road, and to the northward by the northern boundary of said Section XXXI.

NOTICE is hereby given that a certificate of indefeasible title to the above lands will be issued to Peter Steele on the 30th day of September, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by a person claiming an estate or interest therein or any part thereof.

R. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, June 24, 1895.

RECREATION

Recreation is recommended by every medical man one meets; but it must be of a moderate kind. Now

CYCLING

Is healthful, invigorating and the best exercise for the whole body, employing all the muscles, and if undertaken with moderation will give a general healthy tone to the entire system.

You Must Consider

the quality of the machine.

The RAMBLER

Is noted for its excellent build, easy-running speed and for the ease with which it can be driven.

WEILER BROS.,

AGENTS.

NOTE—You can make a thorough inspection of these Famous Wheels at our Showrooms on Fort Street.

LOOK FOR THE STAR

ON THE GENUINE

M M TEA

Also the Name of.....

M. J. BRANDENSTEIN & CO.

WHO ARE SOLE OWNERS OF THIS POPULAR BRAND

Don't be deceived ... BY ... worthless imitations

SOLD BY ALL FIRST-CLASS STORES IN 5 OR 10 POUND BOXES.

THIS IS IT

HIS WIFE SPOKE UP.

Unwittingly Caused Her Husband to Serve Three Years.

A Lincoln, Neb., special to the Chicago Record of June 29 says: One of the most peculiar cases on record in which one man tried to suffer for another, and through which attempt both were made to suffer for the offence of one, has been brought to the attention of the public in the pardon of Joe Davis by Governor Holcomb.

About two years ago three men were convicted in Omaha for stealing property. Charles Davis, found to be the leader in the plot, was sentenced to the penitentiary for three years. His brother Joe was given a light sentence—a fine of $100 and costs, with confinement in the county jail until this amount should be paid. These two brothers were much alike in appearance. Charles is a few years the elder and is married.

While waiting in the goal at Omaha for transmission to the prison, Charles was placed in the same cell as his brother. Joe then made the proposition to him that as he was an unmarried man the three years' service would be much easier to bear, and as Charles would be needed to earn a living for his family it would be better if Joe assumed the name of Charles and served Charles' sentence. To this the latter at first objected, but Joe insisted, and so when the officers came to take Charles to Lincoln prison, Joe stepped out and went in his stead.

All would have been well for Charles had not the wife of Charles, whose welfare was to be the most served by the deception, spoiled it all. For some reason there was no opportunity given her to know the scheme, and a few days after the exchange had been effected, she went to the Omaha jail and asked to see her husband. The jailer told her that he had gone to Lincoln. She would not believe him and insisted on going to the cell. When she saw him she cried: "There is my husband; I knew he was here."

Of course that forced an examination; the facts became known and the real Charles was brought to the prison. Now Joe demanded his release, but Warden Beemer refused to give it, on the ground that he was receipted for as Charles Davis, and the fact that there was another Charles Davis in the prison had nothing to do with his case. Possibly he was piqued by Joe's trick. At any rate these brothers have been serving here for eighteen months under the same name, in spite of their appeals to the warden and the governor. When Warden Leidigh came into office they presented the case to him, and asked the governor to pardon both, as they had together served thirty-six months, the full term of the sentence to Charles.

The governor has just issued a pardon to Joe, and he is free, but Charles will serve out his sentence. It is said that Joe will sue the state for false imprisonment. Some lawyers think he may recover damages.

—"Have tried others, but like Ayer's best," is the statement made over and over again by those who testify to the benefit derived from the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Disease never had a greater enemy than this powerful blood-purifier. It makes the weak strong.

BOUNDARY CREEK MINES

Vast Ledges of Ore That Promise Satisfactory Returns for Development.

Some Particulars of Various Mines —Conservative Estimates of Values.

Correspondence Nelson Miner

Rossland has such attractions of its own, is so thoroughly alive and well advertised that it must be a strong camp indeed that can attract men from the city of Trail creek. And yet any one who walks from Trail to Boundary, will not find that he has the road to himself. Men are pouring into the Boundary creek country in a steady stream, although it is still far from railways and there are three high rivers and a bad trail between it and Trail creek. Men have heard of the huge bodies of ore at Boundary and although they cannot be expected to believe all they have heard, they have heard enough to make them anxious to go in and see for themselves. Among the men who have done their best to advertise the country to the outside world is Mr. Suydam, a man known in many camps outside of British Columbia, and amongst those who have been in to see for themselves are representatives of the Parrott Mining Company, of Butte; Mr. Largee, banker, of Butte; men from Minneapolis, Chicago and elsewhere. Of those who went in in doubt a large number have not only returned in faith but have bought largely as a proof of their faith. To get down at once to details. The camp itself is divided into half a dozen camps or more, lying within a radius of (say) 10 miles of Boundary Falls, and consists of large deposits of red oxide of copper, copper glance and native copper, in what is known as Copper camp; high grade galena, carrying gold, at Skylark camp; copper sulphides carrying gold, at Deadwood; sulphides carrying gold, copper and iron, at Greenwood; free milling ore and refractory ores, carrying gold, silver and copper, at White Allwoods and Douglas camps, and free milling ore at the Gold Drop camp. A great deal of the ore of the district so closely resembles Trail creek ore that even experts cannot tell them apart, and like the Trail creek mines the character of the deposits found at Boundary is that they improve with depth. But the feature of Boundary creek ledges is their enormous size. Even the local boomers, if there are such people, have to be content with the bulk, any more, they diminish instead of increasing the width of their veins. They dare not tell strangers what they have; they would rather that strangers went in and looked for themselves. We were persuaded to visit the Snowshoe claim, the property of a Mr. Deasler and others, and to take a tape with us. It must be clearly understood that the information collected in this article, though collected with the greatest care from the most reliable sources available, had to be obtained in many instances at second hand. Our authorities were Mr. W. Gibbs, the gold assayer; Mr. Suydam, Mr. Kendall, Mr. Deasler and one of the owners of the copper camp. These men all agreed in the main, and we have taken the lowest estimate given by any of them as to the basis of our report, and in addition to that made a personal inspection of the Greenwood camp. As no one knew which camp we meant to visit and as the report concerning this camp was proved to be accurate and as assays shown us further bore out statements made to us, it seems fair to conclude that the other subdivisions of the camp not actually seen by us were fairly and honestly reported by our informants. The Greenwood camp lies in a deposit of refractory concentrating ore, easily treated and concentrating 7 to 1. It is stated that Prof. Courtis gets from concentrates in this camp $620 per ton. The capping in the camp is iron, the mineral resembles that found at Rossland, containing lime, iron, silica, sulphur, copper, silver and gold though there is so little silver in most of the claims that no assays are made for it, the ore is generally oxidized on the surface and in some places to a depth of 7 feet; the gangue is principally quartz and the assays of fair average rock run from $3 to $32 per ton in gold and from 2 to 10 per cent. in copper on the top, but here, as elsewhere in the belt, it is an almost invariable rule that the ore improves as you go down. The Greenwood claims lie in a narrow, timbered valley to the west of which lie the Nob Hill, Ironsides, Brooklyn, Phoenix and Stemwinder; on the east, the Monarch, Rawhide and Snowshoe. There are, of course, lots of others, but these are the principal claims at present. The Stemwinder, which was the first we visited, has been bought, together with its neighbor, the Phoenix, by the Parrot Mining and Smelting Company, of Butte, Montana. In the shaft, at a depth of 28 feet, the ore assays from $5 to $40 in gold (assays have been obtained showing as much as $139, but no one pretends that this was fair sample rock) and from 2 to 23 per cent. copper. On the Snowshoe, we were told that ditches or crosscuts had been cut 70 to 80 feet all in solid ore. The writer himself measured one over 110 feet in which ore or croppings of ore could be traced for the entire length, honest measurement. There are on this claim, which I take as a type of the field, three ledges certain and one suspected, all running S. S. W., as do the ledges generally in this country. The assays, according to the owner, Mr. Deasler, run from $3 to $52 in gold and 6 per cent. in copper on the top, and I should like to say for Mr. Deasler that I never saw a man more anxious to give a conservative estimate of everything connected with his own claim to which he has stuck and upon which he as worked through good and bad times alike since 1891. It seems to me that if British Columbia ever becomes a prosperous country, with a small debt and like taxes, she will owe it to men like Mr. Deasler at Greenwood, and McEachren and Mangott at Fairview, and a score of men of their kind who first find their prize in earth's wildest corners and then stick to it and put the best years of their life and bone and muscle not easily matched into a hole in the ground—waiting year after year with magnificent patience for the reward of their labors.

Of the other camps I have not room to speak in detail. In Summit camp the ore does not run so high as in Greenwood, but is of the same general character. The Parrot Mining Company of Butte owns five claims here and is developing them. In one of them a shaft has been sunk 80 feet with a cross cut of 30 feet, showing ore all the way. White's camp has a lot of work done upon it. In the City of Paris there is a sixteen-foot body of ore showing, and a shaft sunk 67 feet proves the old rule that the lower they go the better the ore becomes. Eighteen dollars in gold and 7 to 8 per cent. in copper and 20 ounces of silver is the record of this camp. On the Skylark they claim seventy foot of ore, going 200 ounces in silver and 1 ounce in gold. Seventy tons have been shipped from here to Tacoma. The Copper camp is a huge deposit of red oxide of copper, in which they have a body 70 feet wide showing in one place. This ore assays 5 to 53 per cent. copper and 14 ounces in silver, and reliable witnesses assert that there are hundreds of tons lying on the dump which will go 30 per cent. in copper. And so the story goes, but the trouble is that though the ore is rich and in those enormous bodies which most tempt the big capitalists, nothing can be done with it by the present owners until a railway comes along. Marcus is the nearest railway point and that is 65 miles away; there are no mills or concentrators or capital to build any. The ore is there and magnificent water power and just enough big mining men are buying in the country to give the plucky prospectors hope, but prospects are still cheap at Boundary Falls, cheaper probably by 50 per cent. than at Rossland.

There is only one favor which Boundary Falls asks of the monied men and that is to come in themselves with the best experts they can find and decide for themselves whether any part of the world offers better opportunities for the profitable investment of capital than their own camp.

The principal free milling propositions near Boundary Falls either in White's camp, in which several runs of rich, free milling ore occur, or in the Gold Drop camp.

In White's camp the free ore veins average about 1 foot in width and runs all the way from $5 to $100 a ton in gold. In Gold Drop the ore ranges form $20 to $80 per ton, but comparatively little is yet known of this camp, in which fresh strikes are being made daily.

One word in conclusion. Boundary and Boundary Falls are not the same thing; they are four miles apart. One is a town site, the other a camp. Boundary, or Midway, is the town site.

For Puget Sound Points.

The fast steamer Sehome, Chas. E. Clancy, master, leaves here every morning, excepting Sundays, at 9 o'clock for Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving at Seattle at 4 p.m., connecting with N.P. R.R. train for the east. Returning, she leaves Seattle at 10 p.m. daily excepting Sunday, arriving here at 6 a.m. Tickets at Northern Pacific R. R. office.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

To Cheer up, Use Adams' TUTTI FRUTTI

Sold by Druggists and Confectioners.

It Aids Digestion wonderfully, and gives tone to the system.

See that "TUTTI FRUTTI" is on each wrapper.

Refuse imitations.

SMOKE GLASSES

For protecting the eyes from bright light and dust from 35 cents to $2.50.

SEE OUR PERFECTED GROUND

Smoke Glasses, the finest produced for weak and sensitive eyes.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.,

The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER Rejoice Together.

Nine Year Old Maggie McRitchie, a Victim of Chronic Fainting Spells and Nervous Weakness, Completely Cured by South American Nervine After all Other Efforts had failed. The Mother, a Sufferer From Nervous Prostration and Indigestion, Likewise Cured. Hear What the Thankful Father Has to Say.

MRS. JAMES McRITCHIE AND DAUGHTER.

A leading local physician, whose profession takes him among the children of the various public institutions, remarked to the writer, that one would hardly believe that so many children were affected by nervous troubles, which sap the system and prevent proper development. In many cases the doctors are powerless to cure these troubles. They can relieve the suffering little ones, but in South American Nervine we have a medicine that does more than simply give relief. Its peculiar strength is that it completely cures where physicians relieve. A case in point came to us the 24th ult., in a letter from Mr. James W. McRitchie of Bothwell, Ont. He says:—"My daughter Maggie, aged 9 years, was afflicted with nervous fainting spells for over a year, which left her in such a condition of weakness afterwards that the child was practically an invalid. We tried several remedies and doctored with her in one way and another, but nothing gave relief. Seeing South American Nervine advertised, as particularly efficacious in nervous diseases, I decided on trying it for her, and I must say that I noticed a decided change in my daughter for the better after she had taken only a few doses. As a result of using this medicine, she is now entirely free from those fainting spells and possessed of that life and brightness that is the happy lot of childhood. I am satisfied it is an excellent medicine for any nervous weakness. My experience has been further supplemented in the fact that my wife has also been using South American Nervine for indigestion, dyspepsia and nervous prostration, and has found very great relief."

Whether the patient be man or woman, young or old, South American Nervine provides a complete medium for restoration to health. It is a medicine differing absolutely from every other. A cure is effected by application to the nerve centres of the human system, and science has proved that when these nerve centres are kept healthy the whole body is healthy. For these reasons failure is impossible.

FOR SALE BY

Dean & Cryderman and Hall & Co.

TENDERS WANTED.

Alberni Farm for Sale.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria, B.C., as No. 14576B in charge book Vol. 11, fol. 880, tenders will be received by the undersigned not later than the 13th day of August, 1895, for the purchase of the farming lands known as lot 15, Alberni District, containing 133 acres, more or less. The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Dated 13th July, 1895.

LINDLEY CREASH,
Victoria, B.C., Solicitor for the Mortgagee.
7-13 1m

RURAL HOUSE,

Saanichton Station, - - V. & S. Railway.

This beautiful and healthy resort is now re-opened under the management of J. J. Gray. The accommodation this hotel affords is equal to any. Persons desiring a few days of quiet rest will find this a most charming retreat. Wines are of the best only.

GILT EDGE CREAMERY BUTTER.

Eastern Pork & Provision Store,

NO. 13, CITY MARKET.

Having made arrangements with one of the best Creameries to handle their butter, have now on hand a choice lot in small tubs for family use. Prices low.

Good Dairy Butter, ...10c., 15c., 20c.
Eggs ..... 12 1-2c., 15c., 20c.

Design Wanted.

The B. C. Board of Trade will pay $10.00 for the best rough sketch (original design) suitable for first page of cover for annual report of 1895. Designs will be received up to Saturday, August 3. Apply for further information to

F. ELWORTHY,
Secretary.

MADAME BUSHALL,

—AGENT FOR THE—

PATENT DAISY NEEDLE.

For striking pin cushions, lambrequins for mantels, windows and pianos, banners, lamp mats, table and chair scarfs, sofa cushions, toilet sets, etc. Lessons given at Room No. 1, New York Hotel.

July 10-1m.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON.
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocery; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. LOFTUS BROWN, secretary.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday of every month. All gentlemen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 138

JEWELERS, ETC.

SIMEON DUCK. THOS. T. HULL.

S. DUCK & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,
House, Land and Commission Agents. Account sales promptly settled. Cash advanced on goods for absolute sale. Highest prices paid for household furniture. Dock Building, 58 Broad street, Victoria.

SOLID SILVER WALTHAM WATCHES, $8.50.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—90 acres on the Koksilah river, near McPherson's Station, 3 acres cleared, 7 acres slashed, chicken house and shed, cheap for $500. 70 acres adjoining the above, 2 roomed house, chicken house and sheds, 7 acres cleared, cheap at $550. A. W. More & Co, 70 Douglas street.

TRY MARSHALL'S Home-Made Bread. Delivered fresh daily. Full weight, 59 Broad St.

WANTS.

YOUNG LADY requires board and residence in small private family. Terms moderate. Apply "Medics," Times office. jy29-2t

TAILORS AND CLOTHIERS about to engage a "cutter," please correspond. F. W. Hemming, Syracuse, N.Y. jy25-7

WANTED—Cash customers to buy tools of all kinds. Sherk's hardware, 87 Johnson street.

WANTED HELP—Reliable men in every locality (local or travelling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment. Commission or salary $65 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write The World Med. Electric Co., P.O. Box 221, London, Ont., Canada. je17-3m-d&w

TO LET.

TO LET—Furnished rooms for housekeeping or single; ten minutes from post office. 63 Superior street. July9-tf.

TO LET—Nice Cottage, 5 rooms, bath, etc.; large lot; $9.50. also 3 four roomed cottages, $4, including water. Good place for chickens and cow. Apply 4 Clarke street, Spring Ridge. jy8-1m

TO LET.—Pretty cottage, five rooms and bath. Apply to Skene Lowe, 45 Carr St. may27-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

STRAYED—From 149 Menzies street, on the 10th inst., a red Durham Cow. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to C. A. Goffin, at above address. je11-tf

MEDIUM.

Are you in trouble? Do you need assistance and advice? If so call on Mrs. Dr. Mearchant. She gives valuable information on all business, can talk with your spirit friends, and for uniting the separated has no equal. Call and be convinced of her wonderful spirit power. Room No. 1, New York Hotel. jy4-1m

Telegraph Hotel To Let.

The new hotel on Store street known as the Telegraph Hotel, containing over 45 rooms and all modern conveniences. For particulars apply to Mrs. Astrico, 23½ Yates street. jy17-1m.

THE TIMES FOR SALE
At the following places in the City:
Sampson's Bookstore,
Corner Douglas and Johnson streets.
Campbell's Cigar Store,
Corner Yates and Government sts.
P. O. Cigar Store,
Corner Courtney and Government sts.
Braund & Co.,
No. 62 Government street.
R. Jamieson,
Next to Post Office.
THE TIMES may be procured at above stores until a late hour each evening.

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER,
Room 7, - Board of Trade Building.

JULY.

S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;
At No. 26 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

The Daily Times.

"PREFERENTIAL TRADE."

The Montreal Star is extremely Imperialist in its sympathies, but it does not allow its sympathies to blind its judgment in regard to the "preferential trade" situation. So the facts connected with Lord Ripon's recent dispatch have led the Star to say: "The state paper just made public in England contains the views of Lord Ripon, the outgoing colonial secretary, and these are practically condemnatory of preferential trade. It is probable that English opinion generally coincides with these views. At least the men who lead both parties are not prepared to abandon free trade, and it is not easy to see how a system of preferential duties can make much progress when no statesman of the first rank will commit himself to it. There is something very attractive to British commercial alliance within the Empire, and its popularity is greatest in the colonies which, by the way, find their best market in the Mother Country. They naturally would welcome a differential duty in a market they already possess to a marked degree. But Great Britain herself does not find the same reciprocity of demand in the colonies. The biggest share of her export trade is with the foreign countries, like the United States and France. While this condition lasts, it is difficult to see what headway the preferential trade policy can make in our time. That the Mother Country would be infinitely better pleased to obtain, for example, the bulk of her food products from her own territories is certain. In fact a great war would tax her naval resources to the utmost to keep the trade routes open and ensure a supply both of food for her people and raw material for her factories. Time will doubtless solve the problem. It cannot be settled in a day, or even a decade. What the colonies can do, however, is to cultivate the British market with ceaseless effort. Canada has already in the article of cheese, by the excellence of manufacture, beaten foreign rivals out of the field. This process should be infinitely expanded by all the colonies in every principal article of food consumption. The new Unionist government will doubtless do much to promote Imperial union, but it would be holding out false hopes to suppose that they could by the dawn of the twentieth century usher in a preferential tariff.' The Star is in error when it represents Lord Ripon's dispatch as embodying Lord Ripon's views alone. It was an official statement of the opinion formally pronounced by the Rosebery government; the colonial secretary was only the government's mouthpiece. There is not the slightest reason to suppose that the Salisbury government would speak differently, and if they did it would only be to court condemnation from the electorate.

FROZEN MILK.

One of the oddest freaks of modern commerce is the trade in frozen milk between Denmark and England. Some dwellers in old-time Winnipeg will remember seeing the lacteal article measured out in practically a solid state on occasions, but even they may learn that a mode of trade there induced by climatic emergencies has been deliberately adopted and furthered by artificial means on the other side of the Atlantic. Something like a year ago a merchant in Denmark tried the experiment of freezing milk by means of salt and ice and sending it to London in barrels. The experiment was a success, for the milk when used in London is said to have retained all the delicacy of flavor and richness peculiar to the milk of Denmark. From that experiment the trade in frozen milk arose, and it has now reached large proportions in the hands of a stock company who acquired the Danish merchant's patent. Sweden as well as Denmark has become a source of supply. The modus operandi is thus described:—"When the milk is received from the farmers it is pasteurized, that is, heated to 75 degrees C., and then immediately cooled off to about 10 degrees C., and now the freezing is commenced. Half the milk is filled into cans and placed in a freezing apparatus, where it will be thoroughly frozen in the course of three hours. The frozen milk is then filled into barrels of pine, the only kind of wood that can be used. The barrels, however, are only half filled with this frozen milk, the balance being filled with the unfrozen milk. This way of packing has proved to be the only practical one, as part of the milk has to be frozen in order to keep the whole cold, and part has to be in a flowing state in order to get the barrels exactly full, which is necessary to avoid too much shaking up on the road, by which the cream would be turned into buter; the floating masses of ice at the same time prevent the unfrozen milk in settling the cream. Milk which is treated in this way has proved to keep quite fresh for 26 days. Every barrel holds 1,700 pounds of milk, and twice a week there will be shipped 50 barrels, making in all about 100,000 pounds of milk per week. The milk is shipped to Newcastle and from there by rail to large manufacturing cities, where it is sold in the streets or in retail stores. It is reported that the patent has been bought for Ireland also at a cost of $200,000, which proves how much the stock company expects from this new enterprise." This means new competition for the British farmer, whose troubles are at present great enough. About the Danish and Swedish farmers, from whom milk can be bought so cheaply, nothing is said. Free trade, at all events, is not the cause of the farmer's lowly condition in those countries.

MUNICIPAL.

To the Editor:—Is Mr. Van Horne's prediction going to be true about grass growing over the most public thoroughfares of Victoria? When one looks at the way our corporation manages matters, and at the conduct of our public officials, who draw their pay from the public purse, it does look amazingly like seeing Van Horne's saying realized. The gross incompetency (or something else) of almost every public servant in this place is astonishing. It would appear as though there was a combination on the part of our officials to drive by disgust or oppression the people out of the place. Look at the large sums of money the city has borrowed and wasted, for up to date we have no water fit for use. Our electric light is a perfect failure; our streets and roads beggar description by their most wretched condition. Look at our streets, made disgustingly unsightly by those abominable poles stuck in them. And there is only too good ground for supposing that the contract let for improving Elk Lake will be a repetition of city blunders, for it is muddle, muddle, muddle; waste, waste, waste; tax, tax, tax in endless succession. J. S.
Victoria, July 30.

—Warmth and vigor accompany good digestion. Adams' Tutti Frutti is a wonderful aid to digestion. Refuse imitations.

—We have a line of Japanese drapery materials, very pretty effects, and suitable for drapes, curtains and cushion coverings. Weiler Bros.

NEW PROMISED LAND.

Colville Reservation Rich in Farms and Minerals.

A Seattleite now traveling in the Colville reservation in a communication to the Post-Intelligencer gives a good deal of valuable information about that country, which is soon to be opened to settlement, and about the neighboring mining districts. He writes:

"There is much good land throughout the region, especially in the southern and western parts. There is considerable excellent summer grazing, and, judging from the region just across the line in British Columbia, there must be considerable copper and gold, though as yet no mines have been opened in the reservation.

"The country is now being surveyed by three parties of engineers, all from Seattle, and probably the northern section in which there are twenty townships, will be ready to be thrown open in eighteen months. This is the more hilly part, where pretty much all of the best land will be in possession of the Indian half-breeds or squaw men, before settlers will be allowed to run in. The climate is one to encourage out-of-door life, the days being warm and dry and the nights very cool. The winters from all accounts, are not very severe, the average snowfall being eighteen inches and winter not lasting over two months. Good water may be had anywhere and is easily managed for irrigation. A number of the ranches already established and which are owned by halfbreeds, are well developed, the fruit doing particularly well, while hay, grass, and garden truck give excellent results.

"Besides the industrious ranchers, however, there are many halfbreeds and white men married to squaws in the reservation, who apparently do nothing but loaf around at the government's expense. They move once a month when rations are distributed, and the rest of the time await the next distribution.

"On the Nepilem river is the agency, under the command of Capt. Buck, U. S. A., and the home of the chief of the tribe. Besides these are the doctor, who draws $100 a month and is furnished a house; the farmer, the miller, and the blacksmith, who receive from Uncle Sam $90 per month. The farmer, whose name is Steel, has charge of the distribution of supplies to the Indians, listens to their complaints and counsels them. His office is one of much importance.

"The ranchers as a rule are most hospitable to those who visit them. Perhaps the finest ranch in the reservation is one owned by a man named Best and his Indian wife, who live some fifteen miles from the mouth of Bonaparte creek. They have fruits of all kinds, a large variety of vegetables, seventy-five horses and 350 head of cattle. The fruit trees, which are five years old, bear wonderfully and with the rapid development of the canning industry will surely be a source of wealth to their owners.

"At the mouth of Bonaparte creek there is a school, which is attended by Indian and halfbreed pupils. The principal of the school is now at the convention of Indian school teachers at present in session at Tacoma.

"There will soon be a railway from Marcus up along the Kettle river, and this will open up an outlet for the mining district, which will then develop rapidly. The Parrott Smelting Co., of Butte, Montana, which has had years of experience and is composed of cautious folks, has bonded a number of properties at Boundary creek, where sulphide ore carrying copper and gold is found in quantity. One of these is the Emma, where already a shaft has been sunk 100 feet; and an ore body of 27 feet has been found, carrying $8 to $2 in gold and 3 per cent. to 20 per cent. in copper. Another is the Enterprise at Copper camp, where a 75 foot shaft leads to an ore body 40 to 45 feet in width of red and black oxide of copper running 10 per cent. copper and from $6 to $10 in gold. Eleven claims have been purchased at White's camp, the Golden Rod shaft being ninety feet deep and the drift 100 feet through a large ore body. At Greenwood camp the company paid $5,000 for a half interest in the Stemwinder and bonded the other half for $10,000, paying $1,000 down. The shaft is thirty-five feet deep and the ore averages $17 in gold and 7 per cent. copper. The test was made by the cyanide process and saved 98 per cent. of the gold.

"P. A. Largey, of Butte, bonded the Monarch claim for $10,000. Here is a sixty foot shaft into a large sulphide body of ore running $7 to $10 in gold and from 3 to 15 per cent. copper. The Butte and Boston Mining Co., of Butte, the largest mining company in the United States, which owns the Tamarack and Osceola mines on Lake Superior, and which opens what it buys and does not speculate, has bonded the Caribboo and the Amelia claims at Camp McKinney for $200,000. It is a working bond and already the shaft is down 700 feet, men are working on three shifts and ten stamp mills are running.

"At Squaw creek camp, in the Methow country, a Fairhaven banker, Mr. Vanderfoor, has bonded the Jake Derr group of claims and has put fifteen men to work developing the properties. It is reported that Vanderfoor has some Spokane people with him, among whom is Patsy Clarke. Prof. Kinsey Landon, the Spokane assayer and chemist, has discovered a process for Trail creek ores by which they can be reduced at the mines, thus dispensing with the necessity of shipment to Tacoma or to Great Falls, Montana."—Post Intelligencer.

We Credit Everybody

with good judgment in coming to our "Mark Down Sale," where you can get goods at your own price. Partridge, 96 Yates street.

—First-class Monuments, Headstones and Cemetery Coping at very low prices at A. Stewart's, corner Yates and Blanchard streets.

BLOODHOUNDS AS DETECTIVES.

A Suggestion That They be Used in Tracking English Criminals.

The question whether bloodhounds could not be utilised in the discovery of criminals has again been raised in one of the canine journals. It is suggested by a gentleman in the Midlands that a Bloodhound Club might well be started the object of which would be to have properly trained dogs always ready to assist in the work of bringing criminals to justice. The last occasion on which a systematic attempt was made to put the bloodhound to his old traditional use was in 1889, when the chief commissioner of police in London encouraged, and was himself personally present at, some trials with a couple of dogs belonging to the well known breeder, Mr. Brough.

St. James' Park was the spot selected for these trials, and both animals showed themselves decidedly skilful in tracking and following up the human footsteps. Once in the crowded streets, however, the hounds seemed to lose their cunning, and there exists, indeed, no reliable record of criminals being successfully hunted down by the aid of these canine detectives in the case of crowded cities and thoroughfares. Even if the scent were a hot one, it is more than doubtful whether the cleverest and best trained bloodhound would follow it very far where it had been crossed and recrossed by many other strange feet. Thus the idea of the bloodhound being used for the discovery of criminals, so far as populous centres and large towns are concerned, may be regarded, after the failure in the case of the Whitechapel murders, as an exploded one. The case, however, may be different in regard to the country districts, where it is conceivable that the hound might now and again be turned to some good service. Many of the old stories respecting the hunting of the Moss troopers by blood or sleuth hounds rest on a rather slender historical basis, though the frequency with which the name of the dog occurs in some of the records of those days show that its detective qualities were highly estimated.

In later times the Cuban bloodhound, a far more savage breed than our own, was unquestionably used as a man-hunter; while only a few years ago Capt. Powell gave a good deal of information respecting the dogs used at the present time for tracking the convicts who escape from prisons in Florida. Bloodhounds were first resorted to for this purpose, but it appears that latterly an animal more like our foxhound has been adopted. These animals, like the English bloodhound, are not inclined when they have discovered their man to attack him, but prefer to keep at a respectful distance after he has been fairly brought to bay. Half a dozen years ago or so some exceedingly interesting trials were held at Alexandra Palace, in which several of the most noted bloodhounds of the day took part.

A "clean boot," as well as a greased one, was hunted the length of the course being about six hundred yards. A keeper was dispatched with a good start and though some of the hounds failed almost entirely, others delighted the spectators by the unerring accuracy with which they followed the "clean boot" over a considerable portion of the course. One dog leaped through the railing which the hunted man had climbed, and ran under others which he had slipped through. All, however, were more or less at fault when they came near the crowd, a sure sign that only in lonely and sparsely populated districts, or at hours when few people are about, can the bloodhound be really relied on as a successful man-hunter.—Pall Mall Gazette.

ENGLISH-SPEAKING PEOPLES.

What Might Be Accomplished if Their Federation Were Secured.

If it is possible to solidify the English speaking people on some such lines as you indicate, the final question is, What would be the gain to them and to mankind?

To all intents and purposes war would by degrees die out from the face of the earth—it would become impossible. The armed camp, which burdens the old world, enslaves the nations, and impedes progress, would disappear. If you had the Anglo-Saxon race acting on a common ground they would determine the balance of power for a fully peopled earth. Such a moral force would be irresistible, and argument would take the place of war in the settlement of international disputes. Why, if there was a movement, should any two nations throw the world into disorder, by fighting with each other? If the arbitrament of reason takes the place of arbitrament of war, it will at once be seen what a new and noble world is unveiled.

Substantially the fighting machinery of the old world—the arsenals and the battalions—have been kept out of the new. But mutterings some times threaten, which excite the young nations of the new world, to think they must prepare means for their own defence against some of the nations of the old. Therefore, unless Anglo-Saxon union is realized the doubt arises, whether war can long be kept out of the new world; so you see, unity makes for the prevention of war in the old, and obviates any probable cause of war in the new. An element not fully dreamed of, which is being introduced, will immensely strengthen the federation idea. The influence of woman, now coming to be a real factor in the world, will tend, probably as much as any other cause, to make nations unwilling to plunge into scenes of bloodshed and useless destruction of life and property. It will be a blessed assistance toward the peace of the world in this time of excitement, and as a bulwark for federation, which is the creator of peace.—Contemporary Review.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

Poison Fly Pads.
Tanglefoot Fly Paper.
Disinfectants.

BOWES' DRUG STORE,
100 Government Street,
Next door to Hall & Goepel.

LOCAL NEWS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—There will be a sitting of the small debts court to-morrow, commencing at 10:30 a.m.

—A meeting of the board of school trustees will be held in the police court chambers, city hall, this evening, at 8.

—The midsummer law examinations began yesterday. There is one candidate for call and admission, two for finals and three for intermediates.

—People with hair that is continually falling out, or those that are bald, can stop the falling, and get a good growth of hair by using Hall's Hair Renewer.

—Fred Meredith Bourne, of Bolinas, California, and Miss Matilda de Lerma Fowler, of Lakeside, N. B., were united in marriage on Saturday, Rev. Percival Jenns officiating.

—Constable McKenna left for New Westminster this morning with J. Haggerty, the sealer who became insane while on the Japanese coast and was brought home on the last Empress. He will leave him at the provincial asylum.

—"Mamma, was that a sugar-plum you just gave me?" asked little Mabel. "No, dear, it was one of Dr. Ayer's Pills." "Please, may I have another?" "Not now, dear; one of those pills is all you need at present, because every dose is effective."

—At yesterday's meeting of the Y. W. C. A. several by-laws affecting the management of the organization were adopted and committees were appointed on different lines of work. The latter are to report at a meeting to be held on Friday.

—What causes bad dreams is a question that has never been satisfactorily answered; but, in nine cases out of ten, frightful dreams are the result of imperfect digestion, which a few doses of Ayer's Sarsaparilla will effectually remedy. Don't delay—try it to-day.

—A large number of tickets for the I. O. O. F. excursion to Tacoma on the 17th of August have already been sold. The steamer City of Kingston has been chartered for the occasion and will leave here early in the morning so as to give the passengers lots of time in Tacoma.

—Constable McDonald arrested an old Indian named Spittell with a bottle of whiskey in his possession this morning, and later gathered in Ah See for supplying the same. Spittell identified Lee, but the latter protested that it was all a horrible mistake and shed bitter tears when searched and locked up.

—The fire at Telegraph Bay is again fully under control, and, according to reports received this morning, it will be completely subdued to-morrow. Last night the fire reached within 100 feet of the superintendent's house before it was put out. It also swept up over the hill in the direction of the magazine, but was stopped before it got very far. It is expected that the 1500 feet of hose sent out yesterday and the engine which has been at the works for several days, will be returned to-morrow.

—A. Ambel, arrested yesterday on two counts of theft, was the night waiter at the Maryland, not the Louisville restaurant, as erroneously stated in the Times last evening. The case was partially heard in police court this morning before Magistrate Macrae. H. G. Hall appeared for the defence, while Chief Sheppard prosecuted. The case for the prosecution in regard to the stealing of $2.85 was concluded. It was shown by a couple of witnesses that when Ambel took charge last Sunday night there was a certain amount of money in the bowl where it was kept; that during the night $8.75 was taken in and that in the morning the total was $2.85 less than it should have been. W. McNeill, who watched at the peep-hole in the ceiling on Sunday night, swore that once during the night Ambel took the money bowl to the rear part of the restaurant where he could not see him. The defence has still to cross-examine the last witness for the prosecution. The hearing will be resumed at 3:30 to-morrow afternoon.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

—The steamer City of Topeka is due from Alaska on Sunday.

—The semi-annual general meeting of the Victoria Building Society will be held in Pioneer hall to-morrow evening.

—Have you seen the Rambler at Weiler Bros? One of the nicest machines made, and is gaining much popularity.

—The sealing schooners will leave Sand Point and enter Behring Sea to-morrow, the first day allowed by the act.

—There were three thistle cases on for hearing before Magistrate Macrae this morning. Two were withdrawn and one was remanded for a week.

—Pratt's astral coal oil, $1.50; XXX flour, $1. H. Stadthagen, the Cheapest Grocer, 165½ Douglas street, second house from Chatham street.

—The ladies of the Metropolitan Methodist church will hold a talent social in the A. O. U. W. hall this evening. It will, no doubt, be a most enjoyable affair.

—The funeral of the infant son of Wesley Willard took place yesterday at 2:30 p.m. from the residence, Victoria West. Rev. Mr. McCrossan officiated at the house and cemetery.

—A party of Baptists, among whom are Rev. P. H. McEwen, William Marchant and A. Huggitt, are camping at Echo Point, South Saanich. A camp meeting will be held next Sunday morning.

—A list of the lands and improvements liable under the tax sale by-law, 1895, to be sold for taxes and costs on October 1, has been posted at the city hall. The taxes amount to $3373.78, and costs to $506.02.

—George Howson, charged with stealing $15 at the Dallas hotel, was in police court again this morning, and the case was further continued until to-morrow morning. It will be taken up at 9:30 o'clock.

—Some people are born lucky; if they fall into water they come out with their pockets full of fish. You will be lucky, too, if you buy any of our suits. Cameron, the cash clothier, 55 Johnson street.

—Constable Campbell is making short work of the thistles in Esquimalt district. Most of the smaller property owners have already complied with the act, and the constable is now serving the larger holders with notice. The act dealing with the matter says any person may notify a property owner to clear his property of thistles before August 1st.

—The English comedy "Jane" was presented to a large audience at the Victoria theatre last night by Frohman's company, headed by Anna Parker. The performance was a very pleasing one. As is well known, "Jane" is one of the funniest comedies ever written, and its interpretation was in very competent hands last evening. Anna Parker is, perhaps, not as good a "Jane" in some respects as Miss Johnstone Bennett, who played the part here before, but she is a clever girl and her conception of the part is good. Messrs. Hicks, Reynolds Stapleton, McAllister and Sullivan, and Misses Nott, McGregor and Barker form a good supporting company. The curtain-raiser, "The Lost Sheep," was very good.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Mr. Justice Drake to-day in the Supreme Court heard the evidence and argument of counsel in the case of Lai Hop v. Jackson. The plaintiffs, the Lai Hop Company, are dealers in general merchandise; the defendants are William Jackson of the Delmonico Hotel, and Mary Jackson, his wife. On the 14th of July, 1894, William R. Jackson and W. W. Petrie owned the business and the leasehold of the Delmonico saloon, and on that date the plaintiffs allege the defendant W. R. Jackson transferred his undivided half interest in the said property to his wife. They also allege that he has in the same way transferred other properties. On August 16th, 1894, W. R. Jackson became indebted in the sum of $1,340 for opium bought of the plaintiffs and for which the plaintiffs have recovered a judgment but have never been able to make the money. They now sue to set aside the transfers of property on the ground that they were without any consideration and were made for the purpose of defeating and delaying the creditors of W. R. Jackson. The defence deny any intent to defeat or delay creditors and say that valuable consideration passed. Judgment was reserved. Mr. E. V. Bodwell for plaintiffs and Mr. A. L. Belyea for defendants.

Mr. Justice Crease at the close of the Cowichan-Alberni election case yesterday decided to report to the speaker that the election is voided.

FOREST FIRES.

Creating Much Alarm in Northern Michigan.

Gladstone, Mich., July 30.—Extensive forest fires are raging to the northwest of this city and considerable apprehension is felt for the "Soo" railway roundhouse and the plant of the Wash Board company. A strong gale is blowing from the northwest and unless it stops soon or shifts considerable property will be destroyed. The fires lie beyond the reach of the city water plant and is at present in the Goodman addition. Another fire is raging on the peninsula east of this city, destroying much valuable timber. It is feared it will reach the farms, in which case much suffering will be caused. There has been no rain for many days and the swamps, etc., are drying up.

$3 PER DOZ. CABINETS
For one Month only, at
SKENE LOWE'S,
62 Government St.

BOARD OF TRADE.

Meeting of Council To-day—A Talk on Kootenay's Prospects.

The council of the board of trade met at 10 o'clock this morning, President Ker presiding.

J. T. Wilkenson, of Vancouver, who was present by the invitation of the president, gave the council his opinion, formed after frequent visits and careful examination, of the Kootenay country as a field for trade. The mines of Trail Creek and Slocan districts, the growth of Rossland, and the evident stability and permanency of the enterprises in that phenomenal town were favorably commented upon. The speaker believed that the Rossland trade was worth reaching out for, and that the surest guarantee that that field would prove a great and profitable one for Victoria business men was the undoubted richness of the mines. The subject was discussed for half an hour, and the chairman expressed to Mr. Wilkenson the pleasure which his informal talk had given to the council.

The annual report was reported, with a few corrections of clerical errors only, and was ordered printed.

The tender of the Colonist Company for printing the annual report, being the lowest, was accepted.

Mr. Scaife was added to the library committee in place of Mr. Bostock, resigned from the council.

Adjourned at 12 o'clock.

VALUABLE COAL FIND.

A Substantial Seam Uncovered on Mr. Jordan's Wellington Property.

Mr. Dennis Jordan has succeeded in uncovering a valuable seam of coal on his property, near the town of Wellington. The coal crops out close to the surface on a ridge, showing a seam seven feet thick, of the very best quality. Two feet of shale underlies this seam, and below this shale 2 feet more of good coal. This makes in all nine feet of coal, the seam sloping westward towards the valley and lying contiguous to the Dunsmuir properties. Mr. Jordan has just completed a bore on the north end of his property, towards Nanoose bay, and coal has been struck at a depth of 300 feet. This settles the extent of his coal bed, and Mr. Jordan may well feel proud of his success. He intends to ship at an early date over the E. & N. railway to the city. The coal will be known as the West Wellington, and Mr. W. Walker will introduce it on the market.

INSURANCE TEST CASE.

The Interesting Trial of Mrs. Phinney's Suit at Seattle.

Probably the most important insurance case ever tried in the United States came before the United States court at Seattle last week. The widow of the late Guy C. Phinney, formerly of Victoria, sued the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York to recover the amount of a life policy which was taken out by her husband in September, 1890. The plaintiff testified that on many occasions while he continued in good health, and also shortly before his death, Mr. Phinney informed her and others that the policy was still in force, as he had paid all the premiums as they fell due. It was contended on the part of the defendant that only one premium had been paid, and that the policy had therefore lapsed in 1891. The plaintiff introduced evidence to show that there had been many transactions in land between the local agent of the company and Mr. Phinney, and it was contended that the agent gave Mr. Phinney an acknowledgment on the back of the policy for three years' premiums in settlement of all accounts. It was next shown that some time before Mr. Phinney's death the local agent borrowed the policy, as he stated, "for canvassing purposes." In cross examination the agent informed the court that Mr. Phinney did not surrender the policy. After being notified to bring the tell-tale policy into court the startling announcement was made that it had disappeared and could not be found. On the part of the plaintiff it was further shown that the statutory notice required by the laws of the state of New York, where the defendant company is chartered, of the premiums due had not been given, the company adopting a form of their own instead of the legal form, and that, in the absence of the proper notice, the policy could not lapse whether one or three premiums had been paid.

The trial lasted three days. Every inch of ground was ably contested by counsel on both sides—Mr. A. F. Burleigh and Mr. S. Warburton appearing for the Plaintiff, and Mr. Strudwick and Mr. Gilman for the defendant company. Judge Hanford, who tried the case, instructed the jury "that as the company had not complied with the New York statute in giving notice of the falling due of premiums there was no question as to their liability on that account. The question for the jury to decide was whether Mr. Phinney had surrendered the policy. If they found that the policy had been surrendered they must find for the company. If, on the other hand, they found that the policy had not been surrendered they would find for the plaintiff. After an absence of four hours the jury returned with a verdict of $97,682.12 for the plaintiff. As many other cases depended on the result of the Phinney trial the proceedings were watched with interest by the legal fraternity and the public, and it is said that a large number of suits have already been begun to recover from life insurance companies on the plea of insufficient notice.

LOW RENT.
LOW PRICES.
NICE STORE.
NICE GROCERIES.
A very large assortment of Christie's Biscuits just arrived.
HARDRESS CLARKE,
Cor. Yates and Douglas streets.

OTTAWA NEWS.

The Canadian Pacific to Get Another $10,000.

Ottawa, July 30.—The body of Alexander Brophy, one of the victims of the Lake Deschenes yachting tragedy, was found floating on the Quebec side of the lake this afternoon about two and a half miles from where the accident took place, which was about half a mile from here on the Ontario side. Alexander was the eldest of the lads.

It is reported the assessment of damages in connection with the seizures of the Ariel and Willie McGowan by the Russians are about to be examined. A year ago it seems the Russian authorities signified their readiness to consider these two cases, so that the delay was evidently in the British foreign office. The assessment will probably be commenced in Victoria next week by Collector Milne.

It is a well known fact that Foster had intended asking parliament last session to vote an additional subsidy of $10,000 per annum to the Canadian Pacific railway, and it is stated to-day that an order-in-council has just been passed ordering the payment of the subsidy, to be ratified by parliament next session, in the supplementary estimates for 1895-96.

It is reported in usually well informed quarters that a strong appeal has been made to Sir Mackenzie Bowell to keep the vacant portfolio open until next session, that Angers may again be brought in after remedial legislation is disposed of.

The body of Walter Brophy has been found.

THE REMEDIAL ORDER.

Manitoba Has Received the Communication from Ottawa.

Winnipeg, July 30.—The last communication from the federal government to the Manitoba government on the school question, which reached here yesterday, is understood to be substantially as wired from Ottawa a few days ago, that is, a request to the Manitoba government to state what it is prepared to offer in the way of a compromise. It is not expected that the reply of Manitoba to this communication will aid the federal government in finding a way out of its difficulty.

Montreal, July 30.—The Gazette commends the promptitude of the Dominion government in making a reply to Manitoba's answer to the remedial order, and states that this gives Manitoba no longer a chance to say that she was asked to reestablish an inefficient scuool system. Now the paper says Manitoba is given a chance to set forth the exact reasons of her refusal to comply with the judgment of the privy council.

Winnipeg, July 30.—A member of the Manitoba government was asked to-day if any further order on the school question had been received from Ottawa. He replied that it had not been handed to the government. "Will the document be made public?" was asked. "It will be placed before the council. I cannot say what action will be taken pending the meeting," was the reply of the minister.

A MYSTERIOUS CASE.

Mrs. Gardiner, of the Christian Endeavorers, Vanishes.

Boston, July 30.—A most mysterious affair connected with the recent Christian Endeavor convention here has just come to light. Mrs. E. T. Gardiner, of Arcadia, Neb., who came here as a delegate to the convention, has not yet returned home to her husband and child, and the report of her death here is not supported by the records of the health department or anything else. Mrs. Gardiner was 35 years old, and has always been apparently healthy. When her husband received from her a letter on July 15th stating that she was about to die, he was astounded. To that letter came a supplement written by "Mr. J. Brown, of South Boston," who neither Mr. Gardiner or any one else knows, stating that the woman was dead, and in the interest of economy the body would be buried here. The death register bears no record of any such death. A detective employed by Gardiner failed to find any trace of Mrs. Gardiner, dead or alive. It is assumed by some of those interested in the case that Mrs. Gardiner has been spirited away by thieves, who were attracted by the large sum of money and the considerable amount of jewelry she carried; while some believe she died and the body was secured for dissection purposes.

"Papa, I know what I am going to buy for your next birthday."
"Well, what?"
"A nice painted shaving mug."
"But I've got a fine one now."
"Oh, I've just broken that."

Dodge—I attended a seance last night. The medium called up the spirit of Napoleon.
Lodge—What message does he send?
Dodge—He denies everything and demands an investigation.

WARNING
$100 Reward
Will be given to any one who will give such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons imitating our trade mark by stamping plugs of tobacco with bronze in such a manner as to lead consumers to believe that they are receiving our
MYRTLE NAVY TOBACCO
Each plug of which is stamped with
T. & B. IN BRONZE.
Our Chewing Tobacco is stamped with T. & B. Tin Tag.
The Geo. E. Tuckett & Son Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.

REPAIRS! REPAIRS!
Alterations, store and office fittings, carpenter work in all its branches. Weather strips for doors and windows.
J. P. BURGESS.

FREE TOBACCO IN CHURCH.

Inducements Offered by a London Clergyman for Attendance.

The following printed notice is said to have been plentifully distributed in the Whitechapel neighborhood for a week past: "If you want a smoke (free) come next Sunday at 3 o'clock to Christ Church Hall. A free cup of tea if you like. Tobacco gratis." The hall in question is a square and commodious building, lofty, and—a not unimportant feature when considered in connection with tobacco smoking—with ample ventilation in the roof. The walls are cheerfully painted and adorned with Scripture pictures and quotations, and chair seats are provided for the whole floor space. At one end is a raised platform with a table, behind which the chairman sits, and there are two instruments for musical accompaniment—a pianoforte and a harmonium.

Some time before 3 o'clock the congregation began to muster pretty thickly, and it became apparent why the line on the invitation, "tobacco gratis," was so conspicuously displayed. The men were the poorest of the poor. Hanbury street is in the midst of registered common lodging houses, and unmistakably it is for the most needy of the lodgers that these "pleasant Sunday afternoon services" have attraction. A few were smoking when they came in, others carried a pipe in their mouths, but with the bowl inverted to denote its emptiness, while from many a ragged waistcoat pocket a protruding pipestem proclaimed the owner a candidate for the gratuitous distribution of the weed. They came trooping in to the number of 200 or more, of which two score or so were women, who occupied side seats, and when it seemed that there would be not many more arrivals the gentleman who was to conduct the service, and who himself "blew a cloud" from a briar root, commenced to distribute tobacco. It was done economically.

A quicker way would save been to hand to each smoker a half ounce packet, say, but the commonest "shag" costs 8s 6d a pound, and, it was stated, the fund for the purpose is at low ebb. The supply was contained in a bag, and each recipient was given enough to fill two pipes. Not that they had all come provided with pipes. A good many of the poor tatterdemalions shock-headed and with broken shoes, affected the more dandified luxury of a cigarette, and were prepared with a little book of papers to make the same. By the time all were served, and plentiful wreaths of blue smoke were curling roofward, several ladies who were to assist in the service were on the platform, and the religious part of the proceedings began.

First, there was a prayerful exhortation, and, though apparently it was attentively listened to, it was curious to see pipe bowls and tobacco smoke but half screened by the hand, while the eyes were reverently covered. Then there was a hymn, in which the female portion of the congregation joined, but not many of the men. It being difficult, no doubt, to smoke and sing at one and the same time, though it must be said for them that they were as quiet and orderly as could be desired. But after that came what they evidently enjoyed more than all, and that was a hymn sung solo and with much sweetness by a lady who played as well. Probably they would have wished to applaud it, but on the chairman (who still puffed on his briar) clapping his hands, they all followed suit with great vigor, their faces testifying as to how much they were in earnest. Then a chapter was read from the Bible, and the chairman took up the theme of it was the miracle of the six barley loaves and two small fishes, delivered a simple and excellent discourse on it that lasted half an hour.

By that time the limited allowance was presumably smoked out, and after the crowning hospitality of a cup of tea with slices of bread and marmalade for all who chose to partake of it, the proceedings came to an end, the congregation dispersing as decorously as any that emerged from church or chapel that same Sunday afternoon.—Daily Telegraph.

PERSONAL.

J. G. Sorgen, of Portland, is at the New England.

A. J. and D. E. McMillan, of Vancouver, are at the Oriental.

Dr. A. P. Bertrand and wife, of Seattle, are at the New England.

Mrs. Lewis Casey left this morning for Comox on a visit to her parents.

Hon. D. W. Higgins returned from the Sound on the Rosalie this morning.

A. S. Hughitt and wife and Mrs. Huggitt arrived from the east this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyons, who have been visiting in Victoria, returned to the Mainland this morning.

Capt. Stokes, R.N., of H.M.S. Royal Arthur, leaves in the morning over the C.P.R. for Kingston, Ontario.

TO THE POLE IN A BALOON

Endorsed by Scientists and the Attempt Will be Made in July Next.

Mr. and Mrs. Curzon Entertain the Members of the Geographical Society.

London, July 29.—There was a small attendance at the geographical congress to-day. According to the general opinion, the paper read by General A. W. Greely was too technical to be popular. The most interest was centred in a paper read by Mr. H. Andre, proposing a balloon route to the north pole. The idea seemed feasible, as pronounced by the explorer, the only difficulty appearing to be how to make sufficient gas for the balloon. Then, again, prominent geographists think the proposal would fail without the use of boats with much provisions to rely on in case of accident. The general impression of the congress was that the proposal was lacking in practical application.

Andre has secured the sanction of the Swedish scientific society to his balloon project and has received a liberal donation to defray expenses from King Oscar of Sweden. Sufficient funds have, in fact, been obtained and the attempt is assured. M. Andre naturally desired the approval of so authoritative a body as the international geographical congress. He explained that M. Yon, of Paris, had entered into a contract to make the machine of double silk, of which 5,500 cubic metres will be required, the cost being about £2,200. The balloon is to be capable of carrying three persons with the necessary instruments and ballast and four months' provisions. It will be sufficiently gas tight to hover in the air for thirty days at the height of 250 metres. M. Andre calculates that from seventeen to eighteen hundred cylinders filled with gas under a pressure of one or two hundred amospheres will be required for the expedition in order to refill the balloon from time to time. He believes he will be able to guide the machine by a system of sails and ropes acting as a brake in case of need by dragging on the earth. The car is to be spacious enough to contain a sled, a sail boat, several weapons with ammunition and a photographic camera. Early next spring it is proposed to erect a balloon house, and, after filling the balloon, to start on the aerial voyage for the pole in July with a fresh south or nearly south wind.

The duration of the voyage must, of course, largely depend on the strength of the wind. It might possibly last five or six days, but M. Andre expects that it will take at least over forty. Thirty days, he believes, will be sufficient for cruising about the central polar basin in all directions, and taking a complete survey of it. The return journey is to be made towards the inhabited part of North America or Northern Siberia. With a wind of average velocity, M. Andre says the balloon can make 19,400 kilometres in thirty days, whereas the distance from Spitzbergen to the Behring straits, via the pole, is only 3,700.

Dr. H. Wichmann, of Gotha, one of the most eminent German geographers, in commenting on the project says: "The excursion of the bold enterprise may, of course, be materially influenced by many unforeseen contingencies, but the project is by no means a fanatic one, and has been naturally and cautiously worked out in the light of science. This is best proved by the fact that Dr. Ekholm, the eminent meteorologist, who was in charge of the Swedish observatory in Spitzbergen in 1882 and 1883, has announced that he will take part in the expedition."

Early this evening the noted caterers and florists who furnish all the great entertainments in London gathered outside o No. 5 Carleton Terrace, which is the residence of Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. N. Curzon, who gave a reception tonight to the international geographical society. The wide hall of the house was filled with palms and ferns, so that it resembled the interior of a conservatory. A large map of Persia, upon which was marked the route of Mr. Curzon's travels, was hung up on the wall. Mr. Curzon's book upon Persia is considered an authority on the subject. Upon the staircase leading to the drawing room Mrs. Curzon, who was formerly Miss Mary Leiter, of Washington, attired in a plain gown and wearing the Scarsdale diamonds, received the guests, who passed down stairs to the smoking and billiard room, where the supper was served. The guests were received with tact and a gentle air of Camaraderie on the part of the hostess, who received many praises for her gracious manner. Among the distinguished persons present were the Duke of York, who is honorary president of the society, Dr. Cyrus Adams, Judge Charles P. Daly and Dr. Bell, American delegates, Senor Romero, Mexican minister to the United States; Sir Charles Tupper, Canadian high commissioner, C. W. Allan, of Canada, and Baron de Rio Branco, of Brazil.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed an exhibit at the World's fair, Chicago. Manufecturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: "Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits."

—The best assortment of pocket cutlery at Shore's hardware, 57 Johnson. *

AN ENGLISH GIRL.

Adopted Daughter of the Ameer of Afghanistan.

I must confess that English misconception of the Ameer of Afghanistan annoys me very much, said Miss Lillias Hamilton, and I can only account for the crudity of the popular ideas concerning him by the garbled descriptions of the man and his methods in the newspapers. Instead of being a savage, he is an enlightened and conscientious sovereign; as a man, he is the most charming and most kind.

Miss Hamilton is the doctor who has accompanied the Shahzada to England by the desire of her father in the capacity of consulting physician. We were talking of Afghanistan, writes a Black and White representative, and something I had said regarding the Ameer had called forth her instant defence.

Would it be too delicate a question to ask why the Ameer overcame Asiatic scruples and conventions, and engaged you as his doctor, Miss Hamilton? I asked." "That is another misconception," she replied, eagerly. "My attendance upon the Ameer arose from the merest accident. Soon after I was appointed head of the Dufferin Hospital, at Calcutta, I fell ill with fever. I was unable to shake it off, and not wanting to come to Europe, I was thinking of going up into the hills, when I heard from Mr. Martin, the agent to the government of Afghanistan, that the Ameer was anxious to find an English lady who would visit Kabul. He wrote: 'The gentlemen of my court have seen many English gentlemen, but my ladies have seen no English ladies.' He wanted some one who could show his wives and daughters the customs and interests of English-women. I was delighted to accept the post, as Afghanistan is very healthy; so, you see, I really went to Kabul as a lady specimen, and not as a doctor."

"Was it long before you became the Ameer's medical adviser?" "Oh, yes; some time. His highness gave me a pretty little house in the middle of a great garden, about four miles from Kabul. I went to the harem to be looked at frequently; and then I fell ill. The Ameer sent one of his own body-physicians to me, and it was entirely owing to his skill and constant care that I recovered. There was a village close to me, and when I was strong enough I used to prescribe for the villagers, simply by way of something to do. My success came to the Ameer's ears through the Mir Munshi, the most trusted and important official of the court. The Ameer was at his summer palace, an ideally beautiful place at the time, and was suffering acutely from gout—and here I would like to say," Miss Hamilton added with emphasis, "that his malady is purely hereditary and is not, as has been reported, due to his use of stimulants. He is practically a total abstainer, and a devout Mohammedan. When I reached him he was in acute pain which I was fortunately able to relieve, and his gratitude and consideration were really touching. A gorgeous wicker tent was erected for me within call of his pavilion, furnished with everything that one could desire in the way of comfort, and he himself sent me food and fruit from his own table."

"Did you appreciate the Afghan menu? By all accounts—" "One could wish for nothing daintier nor more wholesome," Miss Hamilton interrupted; "and as for the remarks made about the 'special slaughter-house' at Dorchester House for the Shahzada, it is only insular ignorance that causes people to forget that the killing of animals for food is a religious ceremony of the Mohammedans; true, it is not so ordained by the Koran, but it has become a religious right by custom, and it is universally respected."

"I must tell you a pretty story of the Ameer's which embodied a pretty compliment," Miss Hamilton said, after a pause. "One day when he was lying in bed, surrounded by all his courtiers, and when I was sitting near him, he suddenly began: 'Once upon a time there was a king who devoted himself to the science of astrology. He had a son whom he desired to follow in his footsteps, and for this purpose left him for some years with the best astrologers in his country, in order that he might learn all knowledge of the stars. When the young prince returned, the king questioned him, and being pleased with his answers, said: "Now, I will test your knowledge of the stars. I have something in my pocket. What is it?" The young man described the object most accurately, much to his father's delight, but he could not give it a name. He was sent away to consult the stars, but still he remained ignorant. The king grew angry, and sent for the astrologers. "Have I not left my son with you that he might be taught the lore of the astral bodies? On pain of death, answer me! Why cannot he tell me the name of the object in my pocket, since he has described it so perfectly?" "O, king, live for ever!" replied the astrologers, "We have taught the prince all our wisdom, but with God alone rests the power of applying that knowledge." You in England are taught a knowledge of the science of medicine. You owe your professors much, but God has given you the wisdom to apply that knowledge so as to benefit your fellow creatures,' concluded the Ameer, graciously turning to me."

"A delightful Asiatic parable," I suggested. "Yes," replied Miss Hamilton, "but the Ameer's gratitude was not satisfied with compliments. He has adopted me as his daughter—an action little understood in England, but of paramount importance in the east—and has placed a house in Kabul for the winter months, as well as a country house as my disposal. He trusts me completely, I think I may venture to say, and will even allow me to mix medicines in my room for him—a great honor, considering the justifiable eastern fear of poisoning."

"You have given me a very clear picture of the Ameer as a man, Miss Hamilton. Is he as good a sovereign?" "Equally," she answered. "He is always accessible to the poorest of his subjects, and may always be personally appealed to in criminal cases. Then he has endeavored to improve Afghan agriculture by adopting modern improvements upon his private estates, and in consequence, quite apart from his office, is the richest man in the country. He is anxious to establish schools for the education of the people, and one already exists in the harem for his slaves and his own children have each a private tutor. In all his educational projects he has the enthusiastic support of his son, Nasr' Ullah, who is an omnivorous reader, and has read almost every book written in Persian or Arabic, whilst in matters of justice he receives the cooperation of his eldest son, who alone besides himself has the powers of life and death. Nasr' Ullah wants to thoroughly inspect one of our public schools and one of our colleges whilst he is in England, as well as a hospital, with the object of his father founding similar institutions in Afghanistan. It is the dream of the Ameer's life to educate his subjects; he has many difficulties to contend against, but it is only a question of time."

"And are you going back to Kabul?" "I shall return with the Shahzada, of whose health I have to send reports to pleasure to be in the service of the Ameer, of whom I can only quote Mr. Curzon's words: 'His servants are his slaves, and those who like him love him.' And, besides, Afghanistan has a great future, and offers a field for unlimited work."

—Effectual.—Charles J. Booth, Olivewood, Cal., says: "I have used Ayer's Pills in my family for several years, and have always found them the most efficient in the relief of ailments arising from a disordered stomach, torpid liver and constipated bowels.

I Consider...... An Ad. In The Times As Safe An Investment As A Government Bond And Far More Profitable

TRANSPORTATION.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

FROM MONTREAL.

Allan Line, Sardinian	August 17
Allan Line, Laurentian	August 24
Dominion Line, Mariposa	August 17
Dominion Line, Labrador	August 24
Beaver Line, Lake Huron	August 14
Beaver Line, Lake Superior	August 28

FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard Line, Lucania	August 17
Cunard Line, Etruria	August 24
American Line, Berlin	August 14
American Line, New York	August 21
White Star Line, Britannic	August 14
White Star Line, Majestic	August 21
Red Star Line, Berlin	August 14
Red Star Line, Westernland	August 21
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Lahn	August 13
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Neckar	August 15
Anchor Line, Furnessia	August 17
Anchor Line, Circassia	August 24
Allan State Line, State of Nebraska	" 17
Allan State Line, State of California	" 31

For rates and full information apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General S. S. Agent.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria.

O. R. & N. SS. LINE.

JAPAN and CHINA.

SS. "ASLOUN"

Due .... 22nd July

For Portland, Oregon.

Cargo booked for Honolulu.

For freight and particulars apply to
F. C. DAVIDGE & CO.,
Agents.
je14-tf

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. JOAN,

L. P. LOCKE, Master.

Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

Lv Victoria .... Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo ..... Friday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store Street. ap25

TRANSPORTATION.

GREAT NORTHERN

Shortest and Quickest Line

..TO..

St. Paul, Minneapolis,
Duluth, Chicago,
New York, Boston,
And all U. S. Points,

..ALSO TO..

Toronto, Hamilton,
Montreal, Quebec,
And All Eastern Canadian Points.

Daylight Run over the Cascade and Rocky Mountains.

...The Grandest Scenery...

IN AMERICA.

SUPERB BUFFET, ELEGANT DINING, PALACE SLEEPING AND COSY TOURIST CARS.

The magnificent twin steamships NORTHWEST and NORTHLAND leave Duluth every Monday and Friday for the "Soo," Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo, in connection with the Great Northern Railway. Have your tickets read via Northern Steamship Company, and enjoy a delightful ride, free from heat and dust.

For tickets, etc., see
H. MARTIN,
75 Government Street.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C Rouse, Receivers

NORTHERN PACIFIC

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

To St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 knots — Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON." — TONNAGE 1347

3 30 pm	Lv	M1	*Victoria	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	Seattle	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	*Tacoma	M1	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.
*Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agt., Victoria, B.C.
A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., 225 Morrison St., Portland, Or.

HONOLULU, BY O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, August 3rd, 1895, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St.
For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa, Thursday, Aug. 22, at 8 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.
FOSTER, District Agent. — R. E. CONSON, Agent, Bastion Square, Victoria
CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 6,30 p.m.

Commencing January 8th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays Trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 24.

To take effect at 8 a.m. on Friday, April 5, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

North Bound, Read Down: No. 2 Pass. Daily.	No. 4 Pass. Sat, Su.	M's fr'm V'a	STATIONS.	M's fr'm W'n	South Bound, Read Up: No. 1 Pass. Daily.	No. 3 Pass. Sat, Su.
De. 8.00 am	De. 4.50 pm		Victoria	78	Ar 12.20 pm	Ar. 8.20 pm
" 8.04	" 4.55	1	Russell's	77	" 12.16	" 8.25
" 8.14	" 5.03	4	Esquimalt	74	" 12.06	" 8.18
" 8.17	" 5.06	5	Stewart's	73	" 12.03	" 8.15
" 8.20	" 5.09	6	Parson's Bridge	72	" 12.00	" 8.12
" 8.27	" 5.15	8	Langford	70	" 11.53	" 8.06
" 8.37	" 5.24	11	Goldstream	67	" 11.43	" 7.57
" 9.05	" 5.52	20	Summit Siding	58	" 11.15	" 7.29
" 9.30	" 6.14	28	Shawnigan Lake	50	" 10.50	" 7.10
" 9.40	" 6.22	31	Cobble Hill	47	" 10.40	" 7.02
" 9.55	" 6.31	35	McPherson's	43	" 10.25	" 6.53
" 10.05	" 6.38	38	Koksilah	40	" 10.15	" 6.46
" 10.10	" 6.42	40	Duncan's	38	" 10.10	" 6.42
" 10.20	" 6.47	43	Somenos	35	" 10.00	" 6.35
" 10.27	" 6.58	47	Westholme	31	" 9.53	" 6.26
" 10.42	" 7.08	52	Chemainus	26	" 9.38	" 6.15
" 11.00	" 7.26	59	Oyster Bay Siding	19	" 9.20	" 5.57
" 11.09	" 7.35	62	Oyster Bay	16	" 9.11	" 5.48
" 11.40	" 8.08	73	Nanaimo	5	" 8.40	" 5.15
Ar 12.00 n'n	Ar 8.25	78	Wellington		De. 8.20 am	5.00 De. pm

On Saturdays and Sundays

Cheap Excursion Tickets will be issued to and from all points, good to return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for 15 days, including day of issue.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents at Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. — JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST

TAKE THE

CANADIAN AND SOO-PACIFIC ROUTE . . .

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE

..TO..

Minneapolis,
St. Paul,
Omaha,
Kansas City
Toronto,
Chicago &
Montreal

Running through sleepers and upholstered Tourist cars without change, through the grandest scenery in America.

For rates and all information apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Agent, Victoria.
GEO. McL. BROWN,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 27,

Taking effect June 21st, 1895.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock p.m. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. — JOHN IRVING, Manager.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

CITY OF PUEBLA, - - AUG. 1

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

AT COST! STRAW HATS BOATING AND TENNIS SUITS B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

NELSON.
The Nelson Miner.

One hundred and sixteen claims were recorded at Nelson between June 1, 1894, and May 31st, 1895. Since the latter date, in about seven weeks, 149 have been recorded.

At Forty-Nine Creek the hydraulic company is constructing a reservoir at the head of their flume, which will hold enough water to supply the monitors for 12 hours. The water is getting a bit low, but this arrangement, which is generally adopted in the Coeur d'Alenes and other hydraulic countries, saves all the water that would otherwise be wasted when the giants are not actually working.

The claims on Sheep creek, a tributary of the Salmon river, are attracting considerable attention. At present they are reached by a trail of some 10 miles in length from Salmon siding, on the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway, but it is not unlikely that Mr. Corbin may very materially aid the development of this new camp by constructing a wagon road to it. Many of the claims are held by men who mean to expend some considerable sums on them.

The Hall Mines company, limited, have placed an order in the hands of Fraser & Chalmers for the machinery for a 100-ton smelter. Beyond the fact that it is to be here by the end of the summer we could gain no other information. It is only natural to suppose that having got the machinery it will not be left to lie about in the mud and snow, but that a building will be erected to contain it. On the subject of this building the utmost secrecy prevails. It is, however, to be placed on the piece of ground which the company has recently obtained from the C. P. R., opposite the end of the tramway. There will be no concentrator as only the first class ore will be treated.

* * *

NEW DENVER
The Ledge.

Recent assays from Cariboo creek go as high as $165 in gold.

An eight-inch streak, close to the foot wall on the L. H., has given an assay of 1008 oz. silver and $6 gold.

Capitalists from Montana have their eyes on the Arlington, the Springer creek bonanza. Cooper and Fielding ask $50,000 for it.

Cariboo creek is excited over some promising galena locations made during the week.

Several strikes of galena are reported from the neighborhood of Cape Horn, on Arrow lake.

Seven men are working on the placer ground at Trout lake, owned by the C. & K. Mining Company. Their quartz claims have been leased to a Vancouver party.

Tuesday broke the record at the government for the recording of mineral claims, eighteen in all having been booked. This is one more than any day since the office opened. Seventeen of these were on Springer creek.

By degrees the big mines are beginning to get their outputs down to the railway, and henceforth shipments will be more regular. The Slocan Star recommenced shipping this week, having sent out 100 tons yesterday to the Omaha smelting works. Shipments will be made from this mine in 10-ton lots for the next few months. The Noble Five and concentrator people are seeking car space also and they will ship heavily. There yet remains about 100 tons of Alpha ore to go out, which will clean out the bins. From the initial shipment on September 13, 1894, till January 1, 1895, the Slocan mines sent out over the Nakusp & Slocan railway:

	Tons.	Valued.
Alpha mine	771 1-4	$77,125
Mountain Chief	91 1-4	9,125
Slocan Star	1,031 1-2	103,150
Fisher Maiden	47 3-4	4,775
Noble Five	87	8,700
Minnesota Silver Co.	15	1,500
Reco	42 1-4	4,225
Idaho	60	6,000
Last Chance	15	1,500
Total	2,151	$215,100

Since the first of the year the list by the same route shows:

January 1-31	1,397	$139,700
February 1-28	844	84,400
March 1-31	884	88,400
April 1-30	1,327	132,700

—Warmth and vigor accompany good digestion. Adams' Tutti Frutti is a wonderful aid to digestion. Refuse imitations.

—We have a line of Japanese drapery materials, very pretty effects, and suitable for drapes, curtains and cushion coverings. Weiler Bros. *

—First-class Monuments, Headstones and Cemetery Coping at very low prices at A. Stewart's, corner Yates and Blanchard streets. *

We Credit Everybody

with good judgment in coming to our "Mark Down Sale," where you can get goods at your own price. Partridge, 86 Yates street. *

Weak and Nervous

Describes the condition of thousands of people at this season. They have no appetite, cannot sleep, and complain of the prostrating effect of warmer weather. This condition may be remedied by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which creates an appetite and tones up all the organs. It gives good health by making the blood pure.

HOODS PILLS are the best after-dinner pills, assist digestion, cure headache.

THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN

Report From the Sewerage Committee on the Condition of the Sewers.

Fire Underwriters Have Something to Say About Electric Light Insurance.

There was a full attendance of aldermen at last evening's meeting of the city council, Mayor Teague presiding. In the absence of City Clerk Dowler, Deputy Clerk Bradley acted in his stead.

The William Hamilton Company applied for payment of balance due them for the electric light plant, amounting to $2875.

The following report on the subject was received from Superintendent Hutchison:

July 29, 1895.

To His Worship the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, Victoria:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to report that a test of the steam plant supplied by the William Hamilton Manufacturing Company for the new city lighting station was made on the night of July 26th, with results as follows:

Test began at 10 p.m. and ended at 3 a.m., a period of five hours, during which indicator diagrams were taken every 30 minutes.

Total amount of coal used, 1450 pounds; coal used per hour, 290 pounds; average horse power developed, 158.39; coal used per horse power per hour, 1.83; number of boilers used, 1.

The specific efficiency of the steam plant was 2 pounds of coal to the horse power per hour. The actual efficiency of the plant supplied is considerably under that amount, which I consider highly satisfactory, and in consideration of the above results and the thorough and creditable manner in which the Hamilton Manufacturing company have carried out their contract, both in detail of engine and boiler construction, and the erection of same, I recommend that the plant be accepted and final payment made. Obediently yours,

WM. HUTCHISON.

Referred to the electric light committee to settle according to the contract.

R. Pinkerton, Fort street, said it was beyond his means to connect with the sewers at present. Referred to the sanitary officer.

H. M. Yates, secretary of the directors of the Jubilee Hospital, asked for a conference with the board on hospital matters.

The mayor said the conference would be held during the week.

J. G. Elliott, secretary of the board of fire underwriters, submitted the following resolution passed by the board of underwriters:

"That unless the city maintain insurance on the new electric light station and plant to the extent of 60 per cent. of the actual cash value thereof, the present rates be doubled; or the assured be given the option of becoming co-insurers for the difference between the amount assured and 80 per cent. of the actual cash value of the property insured; and in case of dynamos the insurance to be for the actual cash value thereof, or failing this the assured shall be an insurer to the extent of such deficit, and in that event shall bear their proportion of any loss."

Ald. Humphrey did not like the idea of being dictated to.

Referred to the electric light committee.

Joseph Adams asked for water service on Hillside avenue. Referred to the water committee and commissioner.

Mrs. Coles asked that a culvert be replaced in front of her property on Lansdowne road.

Referred to the street committee.

Water Commissioner Raymur recommended that water pipes be laid as follows: Two inch pipe on Dunedin street, 175 feet; 4 inch pipe, Hillside avenue, 600 feet; 4 inch pipe Cedar Hill road. Referred to the commissioner and committee to report.

Robert Ledingham asked to be reinstated as a fireman. Referred to the fire wardens.

Thornton Fell, on behalf of Mr. A. J. Bechtel, accepted the offer of $500 made by the city for the encroachment of the Rock Bay bridge on his property, and asking the corporation to have the deed prepared.

On motion of Ald. Macmillan it was decided to ask the seller to provide the deed.

Dalby & Claxton called attention to the malicious destruction of property in empty houses. Referred to the police commissioners.

Supt. Hutchison reported that it took some time to repair an injured dynamo, and explaining that this was the reason the lights on one circuit had been out. Received.

The electric light committee recommended that Mr. Carson be retained as engineer and that Superintendent Hutchison be allowed to employ a fireman. Also that the matter of removing old poles be left to Supt. Hutchison and Street Supt. Wilson.

Ald. Cameron and Partridge thought all employees should be appointed by the council.

Ald. Wilson drew attention to the fact that in asking the council to appoint lamp trimmers, Superintendent Hutchison asked that one be a lineman. The council elected two men, neither of whom knew anything about line work and whenever any such work is required a lineman had to be engaged.

On motion the report was adopted.

In answer to Ald. Partridge, Ald. Bragg said all the old and new wire had been accounted for by the superintendent.

Ald. Bragg and Partridge had a long discussion as to whether a committee appointed six months ago to investigate the matter had been legally appointed.

The usual finance committee reports were adopted.

Ald. Hall presented a minority report as a member of the park committee, recommending that an additional $200 be voted for band concerts.

Ald. Hall explained that the city had paid for six concerts and the band had given twelve concerts.

Ald. McLellan said he did not sign the report as the park fund was exhausted.

Ald. Bragg moved the report be referred to the finance committee. He thought that the concerts should be continued.

Ald. Macmillan said if men understood the municipal act they would not be calling out for expenditures all the time.

Ald. Wilson seconded Ald. Bragg's motion, which was adopted.

The sewerage committee reported as follows:

Victoria, July, 1895.

To the Mayor and Council of the City of Victoria.

Gentlemen: Your committee beg leave to report as follows: That in accordance with a resolution of this council the superintendence of the flushing of the sewerage system of the city, so far as completed, has been placed in charge of the sanitary officer, and on Monday, 15th instant, two men were engaged and a thorough examination made. It was found that the grating at the outlet at Clover Point was very badly clogged up and that 19 dust pans were more or less broken and allowing dirt to fall into the man holes. It was also found that five of the vent pipes on the McBean contract had been damaged, and that as a consequence dirt was falling into the pipes. The dust pans and caps of vent pipes are being repaired and improved under instruction of the city engineer.

It was found that the water had been turned off in twenty of the flush tanks. This has evidently been the work of some evil disposed person or persons, and might, if not corrected, seriously affect the working of the entire system. Your committee would recommend that a suitable reward be offered with the object of securing the punishment of the guilty parties. All flush tanks were given a good flushing and found to be in good condition, with the exception of six, which required some slight repairs to the cement work. After a most careful inspection and thorough flushing it has been found that our sewerage system is working admirably, even better than at any time previously, and that the more connections that are made the efficiency of the system becomes more apparent.

The sanitary officer reports having made a further examination of the Johnson street ravine, and finds that most of the water now going into the ravine comes from a drain on Douglas street. This drain is now connected with the Johnson street sewer, but owing to a grating at the mouth of the pipe, it does not work properly, and overflows into the ravine. Your committee would recommend that the city engineer be instructed to take such steps as will obviate the difficulty and secure the emptying of all water running in the drain referred to into the Johnson street sewer.

Respectfully submitted.

JOHN MACMILLAN,
W. G. CAMERON,
JNO. PARTRIDGE.

The report was adopted and it was decided to offer a reward of $25 as suggested by the committee.

The council adjourned at 9:35.

BISHOP CRIDGE RESIGNS.

The Rectorship of the Reformed Episcopal Church on Sunday.

In closing his Sunday morning sermon at the Reformed Episcopal church, Rt. Rev. Bishop Cridge announced his resignation as rector. He said:

"I feel that the time is come when my age requires that I should resign into your hands the pastorate which you renewed and bestowed on me twenty-one years ago next November. I deem it expedient to do this lest failure coming, as it often does at such an age suddenly, you should be placed at a disadvantage. I do it also because I think the work requires a younger man, a more vigorous hand. I would suggest the desirability of some change being made before winter, and that you should without delay look out for a pastor such as you will approve. I will do my best as God shall enable me till such a one be found. I think it proper to observe, and I trust it will meet your favorable regard, that the resignation refers only to my office as rector. I hope to combine my oversight and other functions as bishop so long as the needed health and strength are vouchsafed to me.

"Should you deem it preferable for your more assurance to appoint a colleague or assistant for a time to take the main part of the duty and to take the main part of your offerings, it would still be on the understanding that my resignation (which I now place in your hands) will take effect whenever you see fit to accept it.

"It is consoling to me to reflect that I take this step on my own motive, without any suggestion thereto on your part, and I am very grateful to you for all your love and confidence. I ask you to join your prayers with mine that the Lord will raise up a man faithful and true to minister to your edification.

"Brethren we have experienced for twenty years the benefits of freedom from ceremonial strife and religious discontent. We have tasted the restfulness of a pure worship without distraction. Let none, for aught the world can give or take, turn aside from the pure word of the Lord, the commandments of that living present, all governing Being whose promise is "Be thou faithful unto death and I will give thee the crown of life." Wherefore "Stand fast in the faith, quit you like men; be strong."

—To correct any phase of indigestion and build up the system use Adams' Tutti Frutti. Don't take imitations.

GET STRONG by taking Johnston's Fluid Beef. KEEP STRONG by taking it Regularly

MORE SLOCAN EXCITEMENT

Some Wonderful Finds Made in the Springer Creek District.

New Denver Ledge: Not since the big Finnell strike of last fall has New Denver been so excited as during this week. The excitement has been caused by the innumerable rich discoveries reported from Springer Creek. This stream empties into the lake at Slocan City, and into it are running a number of smaller creeks, which have been given names of prospectors of the camp. Along the banks of all these locations have been made, the principal ones being within a small radius and not more than seven miles from the lake.

Springer creek was looked at in 1891, but no atention was paid to it till last fall. This season opened with some good assays, the first being the Nancy Hanks, with 218 ounces of silver and $8 in gold. This is put out of sight by subsequent discoveries, till now the whole country is talking. All the claims and there are close to 100 of them, carry gold besides silver. As high as $314 has been obtained and upwards of 3,000 oz. in silver. Dry and wet ore have both been discovered on the creek, and the native and leaf silver on some of the properties is truly astonishing. Lemon, Twelve, Ten and Eight mile creeks have also shown some splendid ore from new strikes of late.

On Springer creek the most imposing showing is on the Arlington, owned by Fielding and Cooper. This property was located last fall and it is developing into a beauty. They have eight feet of a ledge ten feet from the surface. The ore runs in streaks, while scattered through the rock on the dump and in the fell breast of the ledge is fully $1,000 worth of native silver. Montana men are after the property. The boys want $50,000 for the claim and it is worth every cent of it.

Adjoining the Arlington are the Silver Leaf and Portland, owned by Thompson, Tucker, Martin and Long. These have the same ledge and are good properties. On the Silver Leaf a boulder has been found, weighing fully 1,200 pounds. These boys came in on Monday night to record a new discovery, which is a whale, and knocks the whole series of finds into a cocked hat. Long made the strike on ground adjoining the Portland. It has been staked out and named the Lillie B. It is a huge body of galena, of unknown width and was located on Friday. The vein parallels that of the Arlington and runs southwest and northeast. A chunk of ore weighing 25 pounds was broken from the ledge and is now on exhibition here, thereby adding much to the general excitement. J. Fred Hume, M. P. P., J. Gibson, and a representative of Montana capital have taken out samples for display. An assay of the ore on Tuesday showed 1,548 ounces of silver. The boys go down on Monday to thoroughly work the property.

Harry Sheran, on Monday received an assay of 1,487 oz. of silver and $140 in gold from the Meteor, a claim owned by him on the divide between Springer and Lemon creeks. The ledge is 14 inches wide and carries a large percentage of native silver.

The I. X. L. on Robinson creek has a well-defined ledge, traceable for a long distance. The ore is full of black crystals, giving an assay of 774 oz. in silver and $105 in gold. Clark and Robinson have an adjoining claim on the same lead.

C. Faas has made a couple of very promising locations, in one of which native silver cropped to the surface. It is in good sized leaves, hanging to the matter.

T. Mulvey made another strike two weeks ago and named it the Ottawa. It is a bird of a proposition.

C. Murphy and his partners have staked out a couple of claims adjoining the Ottawa, with equally good showings. R. M. Marpole and other C. P. R. officials are seeking interests.

W. Springer has come in from an inspection of Lemon and Springer creeks, and he was astonished at the showings. He has gone to Trail creek to tell of what he saw and turn capital this way.

Numerous enquiries about the big strikes are coming in from the outside camps.

The mineral showings in the creek are more extensive than anything ever seen in the Slocan.

The boys are petitioning the government for a trail to run up as far as the Arlington.

Enterprising outsiders are staking out a townsite on the creek close up to the mines.

The claims mentioned are but a few, and there are scores of others above average richness, but enough has been said to give an idea of the great importance of the Springer creek discoveries. New Denver feels better to-day than for some time past.

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE

Pandora street between Douglas and Blanchard street is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

July 9, 1895.

$10 REWARD.

The above mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other, in the City of Victoria, or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto, or removing therefrom any article belonging to the said premises, or defacing injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Victoria, B.C., March 20th, 1895.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of consumers of water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Sections 12, 20, and 23 of The Water Works Regulation By-Law, 1894, which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of water of the said water works shall use such water for irrigating except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In the North Ward on Mondays and Thursdays.
In the Central Ward on Tuesdays and Fridays.
In the South Ward on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore mentioned the water will be turned off, and there shall be charged in addition to ordinary rates the sum of fifty cents for each infraction.

The above penalties will be strictly enforced.

JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.

Water Commissioner's Office,
14th May, 1895. m17

Notice in Respect to Thistles.

The attention of persons interested is hereby drawn to sections 3 and 5 of the Consolidated Thistle By-Law, which read as follows, viz.:

"3. Every owner, lessee, tenant, occupier, or agent for the owner or lessee, of any land, shall cut or cause to be cut down, all thistles growing upon such land before such thistles have gone to seed or come to flower."

"4. Every person convicted of an infraction of the by-law shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding twenty dollars."

The said persons are also respectfully informed that this is the only notification they will receive in regard to this matter.

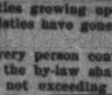
By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, B. C., June 25th, 1895.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.

A successful medicine of 35 years test. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY'S CO. Victoria B.C.



Music

Re-written, Transposed, Arranged and Composed for the Voice, Piano, any instrument or combination of instruments.

JNO. M. FINN,
27 Blanchard St., Victoria.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

YACHTING.

DEFENDER WINS.

Huntington, L. I., July 30.—The race yesterday off Glencove was sailed by representative yachts of the New York Yacht club for three cups offered by Commodore R. M. Brown; one for ninety footers, another for all other sloops racing together as one class, and another for all schooners as one class. The Defender and Vigilant, by agreement, waived measurements. The latter crossed the starting line at least fifty-two seconds ahead and was beaten by one minute and forty seconds. The Wasp won the smaller sloop class cup, and the Amorite the schooner cup.

Huntington, L. I., July 30.—There is every probability that the Defender in her run from Eaton's Point, four miles from here, to London, which journey she started upon this morning, will test her capabilities in a stiff breeze. With the break of day a stiff southwest breeze was blowing and it freshened until 2:30 a.m., and was blowing at the rate of 20 knots an hour. When last seen off Eaton's Neck the Vigilant had a lead of about one-eighth of a mile of the Defender. Both carried their club topsails. The wind was well over their starboard quarters, and there is every prospect of a remarkably quick run to New London.

DEFENDER BEATEN.

New London, July, 30.—The Vigilant arrived at 11.20 this morning leading the fleet.

QUEENSTOWN REGATTA.

Queenstown, July 30.—The Britannia and Ailsa started this morning in a race over a fifty mile course under the auspices of the Royal Cork Yacht club. The Britannia had the best of the start, being a couple of lengths ahead of Mr. A. Barclay Walker's yacht in crossing the line. There was a light breeze from the east. Both yachts carried club topsails.

LAWN TENNIS.

The following rounds of the gentlemens' singles (club handicap) in the annual tournament of the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club were commenced yesterday, and resulted as follows:

R. Harvey (rec. ½ 30) beat Archdeacon Scriven (rec. 30), 6 5; 6 1.

H. F. Mytton (rec. 30) beat Dr. R. H. J. Browne, R. N., 6 5; 5 6; 6 1.

L. Kirk (scratch) beat G. C. Johnston (rec. ½ 15) 3 6; 6 4; 6 2.

A. Langley (rec. ½ 30) beat T. E. Pooley (rec. ½ 30) 6 4; 6 1.

The fixtures for this afternoon are as follows: E. A. Jacob vs. R. Dunsmuir; R. C. Gamble vs. H. R. Hopkins; F. B. Pemberton vs. J. A. Rithet. The winner to play Comdr. A. Y. Moggridge, R. N. Capt. Napier, R. N. vs. C. C. Worsfold; G. H. Barnard vs. J. F. Foulkes; Lindley Crease vs. O. N. Van Millingen. L. Kirk will play the winner of the contest between Messrs. Barnard and Foulkes.

The committee will meet this evening to draw the official programme.

CRICKET.

THE MARTINS WON.

Cricket teams composed entirely of the members of a family are rather remarkable. On Saturday last a team made up entirely of brothers and cousins of Archer Martin, and styling themselves "the Martins," went to Buffalo and scored an easy victory over the senior cricket team of that city. The story of the victory is briefly told in the following telegram:

Niagara Falls, Ont., July 27.

Archer Martin, Victoria:

The Martins won; 92 for seven wickets to 58. DARCY MARTIN.

Martin, senior, has always been a great patron of the sport, and several of his sons are splendid cricketers.

VANCOUVER v. VICTORIA.

The match on Saturday next between Vancouver and Victoria will be the great cricketing event of the season, so far as British Columbia and the Northwest is concerned, and both clubs will be represented by their strongest elevens. As British Columbia can put into the field a combined eleven that would hold its own against the rest of Canada, the interest in the coming match is naturally at fever heat, and should the home club repeat the victory game at Brockton Point on June 29th last, local enthusists will have good reason to point with pride to the achievements of the V. C. C. So far they have lost but one match this season, and that was on Dominion Day against Westminster, when by the narrow margin of ten runs they spoilt a record of consecutive successes. In bowling and fielding they are far stronger this season than for many seasons past. Goward and Wallis being deadly with the ball, and in Holt, Morley, Barnes and Smith they have four batsmen well up to county form. In batting, however, Vancouver will have a slight advantage, and it will be a battle royal between the two teams worth going miles to witness. The greatest care has been taken to prepare a wicket fit for the occasion, and if the weather continues fine between now and Saturday long scores and fast cricket will probably be the order of the day.

THE RING.

SARATOGA JOCKEY CLUB.

Saratoga, July 30.—Owing to the heavy rains the races have been postponed.

THE TURF.

CAN'T FIGHT IN TEXAS.

San Antonio, Tex., July 30.—A private telegram was received this morning from one of the officers of the Florida Athletic Club inquiring as to the feasibility of pulling off the Corbett-Fitzsimmons contest in Mexico, just across the border from Loredo or Eagle Pass, Tex. It is believed that the outspoken attitude of Governor Culbertson towards the proposed pugilistic carnival precludes all possibility of it taking place in Texas.

GOODWOOD.

London, July 30.—The Prince of Wales, Duke of York and a distinguished party went by train to Chichester today in order to attend the opening of the Goodwood racing meeting which lasts four days. The Prince of Wales will not remain at Goodwood over night as has been his custom, but will return to London each day after the racing events are over. The weather is cloudy but the course is in good condition. Mr. M. F. Dwyer has Primest Knight, formerly the property of Mr. Robinson, for which he paid 500 guineas, and Harry Reed entered for the first race on the card and the steward's cup respectively, but they did not go to the post.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Two Steam Barges Sunk—Bank in Wisconsin Closed.

Lorraine, O., July 30.—During the heavy gale this morning a schooner ran into the steam barge Swallow, coal laden, which became water-logged and sank in 40 feet of water two miles off this port. The tug Cascade succeeded in rescuing the crew of eight men, but her cargo will probably be a total loss.

New York, July 30.—Stocks closed irregular.

Cleveland, O., July 30.—A dispatch from Lorraine, O., says the steam barge, Republic, bound to Cleveland, coal laden, was wrecked off that port this morning.

West Superior, Wis., July 30.—The Keystone National Bank, capital $20,000, was closed to-day by order of the bank examiners.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 30.—Secret service detectives have found a satchel containing $28,000 worth of bogus stamps, which belonged to Mrs. McMillan, alias Mrs. Mack, of Hamilton, Ont., who is now in jail here awaiting trial for participating in a scheme to counterfeit and put on the market United States stamps.

STRIKERS WINNING.

Manufacturers Show a Disposition to Come to Terms.

New York, July 30.—The striking garment makers assembled in and about Walhalla Hall in Orchard street were much encouraged this morning by the fact that 1000 overcoat and sack coat workers, representing the makers of the cheapest garments in this line, joined the ranks to-day, and that a dispatch from Newark was received announcing that all the tailors in that city are now on strike. It was also announced at the headquarters of the strikers that forty-five more contractors had settled to-day and that some twenty-five others were waiting to be received by the executive committee and be taken before the board of settlement. About $500 wages due the strikers was then collected from two firms of manufacturers who did their own work. It is also said that the clothing cutters stood ready to assist the strikers in the event of the manufacturers showing a disposition to antagonize the strikers. Thus far, however, the manufacturers, it was said, have shown sympathy for the strikers.

INDIANS IN WAR PAINT.

Uprising Imminent in Kansas—All Quiet in Idaho.

Topeka, Kas., July 30.—Sheriff Naylor, of Jackson county, asks for state troops to put down an uprising of Indians on Pottamgir reservation. The trouble arose from a party of white men taking a section of the reservation claimed to have been leased from the Indian agent. Last Saturday the white men began making hay on the lands. One Indian, Matrawha, and several others, drove the white men off the lands. Warrants were put in the hands of the Indian police to be served and Sheriff Naylor and a posse accompanied them to lend aid. When the party arrived at the reservation they were met by Matrawha and about 50 followers, all heavily armed. They refused to be arrested and the sheriff's party were obliged to ride their horses to the utmost to save a conflict. The sheriff says the Indians were in war paint and on Sunday night they held a war dance.

Market Lake, Idaho, July 30.—A courier arrived here from Goody's lake and says no fighting is going on in Jackson's Hole, and there is little danger of any taking place.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

SEARCHING CASTLE MURDER

Continued from Page 1.

the most interesting of the family when she laid aside her timidity and began to talk. She accounts for the big trunk in which Miss Emily's body was taken out of the castle. About a week before her marriage with Phelps Miss Cigrand packed her trunk full of her clothes, and wrote a letter to her mother stating she was going to return them and her trunk. She hoped that the folks at home, who were common folk, could use them, also the trunk. She said Mr. Phelps was very wealthy and had bought her new clothes and a great big trunk. It was a very large one she said and she did not need the one she had. The trunk was received at Lafayette with the charges prepaid. It was brought out of a closet to-day and the contents examined. It is a very large trunk. This accounts, Mrs. Cigrand thinks, for the great trunk that she was carried out of the castle in. The trunk was not received until a day or two after the supposed wedding. The address was on a card written with a typewriter. The clothes were examined but there was not a trace of blood found. Mrs. Cigrand says the trunk was packed very carelessly and did not look like the work of a woman. Mrs. Cigrand also remembered another letter coming from her missing daughter written on a typewriter and signed Emma. It did not bear any date or street number. It was very short and simply said, "Why don't you write, I am distracted?" Since reading everything published she is confident that the fate of the girl was not summed up correctly. They also find that she drew $300 out of the Fowler National Bank, Lafayette, about that time.

Indianapolis, July 30.—Detective Geyer is here searching for the house in which he thinks Holmes murdered Howard Peitzel and disposed of the body. He has made the startling announcement that he has discovered enough to convince him that the arch murderer had laid his plans to murder his fifth wife, Georgiana Howard, and her mother, Mrs. Yoke, of Franklyn, in this city as soon as he should get rid of the Pietzel family. Geyer obtained his clue at the real estate office of John Ladhop, who had dealings with Holmes while the latter was running from one hotel to another with the Pietzel children. At the time Holmes had been given authority by Georgiana Howard to make a deal with the other heirs for her property at Franklyn. She had her mother's consent. Owing to some hitch the deal was dropped temporarily. Mr. Geyer asserts that as soon as Holmes had got the few thousand dollars coming to his wife he would have disposed of both Georgiana and her mother as he did of Pietzel. Detective Geyer still holds to the belief that Howard Pietzel was murdered in this city, although the body may have been disposed of in Chicago. Thus far there is no clue of any house in this city that Holmes rented. He says all traces of the boy ends in Indianapolis.

Chicago, July 30.—Peter Cigrand, father of Emily Cigrand, who is said to have been murdered by H. H. Holmes, arrived in Chicago to-day with Philema Cigrand, sister of the missing girl. With Dr. J. B. Cigrand, a relative, they went to the police headquarters, where a secret conference was held with Chief Badenoch and Inspector Fitzpatrick. The search for the acid vat in the basement of the castle was continued, the tank which was uncovered on Monday was forced open, but nothing was found but a few inches of petroleum in the bottom of the vat. Old man Chappell's story that the vats were used for shelving human bones, was disproved by to-day's investigation. Search for the other vats was continued, as it is believed Chappell might be mistaken as to the location. In the course of further excavation in H. H. Holmes' [illegible] street building to-day, the police unearthed the parts of two thigh bones, a piece of skull and four smaller pieces of bone.

—Wire cloth for screen doors, meat safes, etc. Shore's hardware.

—To correct any phase of indigestion and build up the system use Adams' Tutti Frutti. Don't take imitations.

James E. Nicholson.

CANCER ON THE LIP
CURED BY
AYER'S Sarsaparilla

"I consulted doctors who prescribed for me, but to no purpose. I suffered in agony seven long years. Finally, I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In a week or two I noticed a decided improvement. Encouraged by this result, I persevered, until in a month or so the sore began to heal, and, after using the Sarsaparilla for six months, the last trace of the cancer disappeared."—JAMES E. NICHOLSON, Florenceville, N. B.

Ayer's The Only Sarsaparilla
Admitted at the World's Fair.
AYER'S PILLS Regulate the Bowels.

For First-class Footwear, Faultless Fit and Finest Finish, in Foremost Fashions, at Fairest Figures,

Blacks and Tans.

A. B. ERSKINE,
Corner Government and Johnson Streets

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LTD.

61 YATES STREET VICTORIA.

AGENTS FOR

The Brantford Mower,
Wisner Hay Tedders,
Tiger Sulky Hay Rakes,
Massey-Harris Steel Frame Wide-open Binder.

AGENTS—New Westminster, T. J. TRAPP; - Vernon, F. C. COSTERTON.

Summer Suits to Order for $16

At R. J. MATTHEWS', Merchant Tailor, 101 Douglas St

First-class fit and workmanship guaranteed. Suits made and trimmed from $10. Good Pants to order from $3.50. Call and examine these goods before buying elsewhere.

101 DOUGLAS ST.

DIED.

GRAY—At the residence of J. Montgomery, Mills College, Alameda county, California, on Sunday, July 21, Mr. Samuel Gray, aged 64 years.

The funeral will take place on Thursday afternoon, August 1st, at 2:30 o'clock, from the residence of James Gray, 316 Douglas street. Friends are cordially invited.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer R. P. Rithet, from Westminster—Mrs Nickerson, Miss Nickerson, Miss Powers, Mrs Clay and family, Miss Oliver, A S Smith, R V Powers, P R Carson, D McMillan, J McMillan, J Duncan, J Moore, S Roberts, S De Gray, J E Phillips, A Blake, J Mooris, J Prior, W Cumming, W Lasker, C A Coleman, J Kirchburg, G De Mair, L Stamberger, J Kelly.

Per steamer Sehome from the Sound—A S Hughitt and wife, Mrs O N Hughitt, K Powell, A B Brenton, J W McGee, P Stackston, J Ross, E Coshett.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Mrs Harrington, W P Wilson, W P Ward, J G Sorgee, Dr A F Berryhill and wife, D W Higgins, Mrs Underhill, M B Mihram, Miss Seebertson, A Van Ohlin, Mrs Morrison, Mrs Levy.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Sehome from the Sound—Jno Wilson & Co, D H Ross & Co, E J Saunders & Co.

Per steamer R. P. Rithet from Westminster—Okell & Morris, B & K M Co, Hang W Hingkee, D R Chungranes, J Tollick, W Lasker, W Walsh, R B Oxley, Hall Ross & Co, Langley & Co, C P N Co, Ltd, Driard Hotel, Chris Christodo, Dom Exp Co.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Jas Maynard, Lenz & Leiser, R Mansell, R P Rithet & Co, S M Hartman, Vale & Brooks, E J Saunders, A R Johnson, G C Learned, R Jamieson, Geo Marsden, J Barnsley & Co, Geo Morison, J Young.

A good appetite and refreshing sleep are essential to health of mind and body, and these are given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Tips on Soap.

Not a rub in the tub.

Pendray's Electric

Does the Work. Not you.

SAVE ALL THOSE WRAPPERS—September 30 will soon be here. The three largest number returned by that date will receive:

FIRST PRIZE, - - - - $25
SECOND PRIZE - - - - 15
THIRD PRIZE, - - - - 10

Buy PENDRAY'S and buy only PENDRAY'S.

A Charming Retreat.

Mr. F. J. Dawley begs to announce that he has assumed the management of the hostelry known as the

FOUR MILE HOUSE.

This well known and beautifully situated resort has been thoroughly renovated and refitted and now offers exceptional inducements to tourists or persons desiring to spend a time away from the heat and dust of the city.

F. J. DAWLEY,
jy29-tf Proprietor.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses, producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over 30,000 ladies. Once used will use again. Invigorates these organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed in stamps. $2.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY. Detroit, Mich.

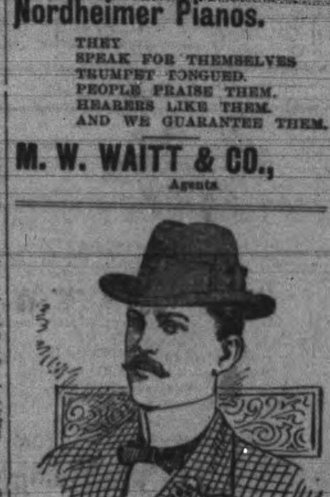
Merit Speaks.

You cannot hide a light under a bushel, nor can you keep from the public the merits of the

Heintzman and Nordheimer Pianos.

THEY
SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES
TRUMPET TONGUED.
PEOPLE PRAISE THEM.
HEARERS LIKE THEM.
AND WE GUARANTEE THEM.

M. W. WAITT & CO.,
Agents.



STYLISH,

of course, from head to foot; that's the only way to be. You might as well be out of the world as out of style. A man must look prosperous to be so. Look good with yourself and the world in general by calling on us for the requisites of an up-to-date appearance. Come along and we'll arm you, cap-a-pie, with the latest ideas in caps and furnishings. Here are collars of the correct height and shape; the very cuffs of fashion; the most tasteful neckwear of the season; and a full line of the latest colored and negligee shirts, etc., at lowest cash prices.

T. L. BROWNE & CO.
Gents' and Boys' Outfitters,
82 Douglas Street. Victoria, B. C.

JOHNS BROS.

Beg to announce that they are occupying their new premises and invite inspection of their large stock of

CHOICE GROCERIES,
TIN AND AGATE WARE,
PRESERVING BOTTLES, ETC.

Best goods at Lowest Prices.

JOHNS BROS.,
Cor. King's Road & Douglas St.

Victoria Building Society.

The Semi-Annual General Meeting of the above Society will be held at Pioneer Hall, Broad street, on Wednesday, 31st July, at 8 p.m., to receive the Secretary's half yearly Report and Balance Sheet, and such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

After which the 45th Drawing for an Appropriation will be held.

See that your shares are in good standing.

By order.

A. ST. G. FLINT,
jy26 Secretary.